



CORRESPONDENCE WITH ANGLIAN WATER SINCE 5 APRIL 2022

FOR THE DEVELOPMENT CONSENT ORDER APPLICATION FOR THE ALTERATION AND CONSTRUCTION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE AND LOW LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE FACILITIES AT THE EAST NORTHANTS RESOURCE MANAGEMENT FACILITY, STAMFORD ROAD, NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

PINS project reference: WS010005

PINS document reference: 12.2.8.5

May 2022



Baddesley Colliery Offices, Main Road, Baxterley, Atherstone, Warwickshire, CV9 2LE. Telephone : Fax :



Summary table of the correspondence with Anglian Water from 5 April 2022 to 10 May 2022

ltem number in bundle	Date	Type of correspondence	Comments
	5 April 2022	Meeting between Gene Wilson (Augean) and Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water) at ENRMF	To discuss the Anglian Water position and understand what their objections are.
1	14 April 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Summarising the discussions at the meeting on 5 April 2022.
2	20 April 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Requesting an online meeting in the week commencing 2 May 2022 to discuss the initial documents which will be provided by 29 April 2022.
3	20 April 2022	Email from Claire Trolove (Anglian Water) to Gene Wilson (Augean)	Requesting Claire is copied in instead of Mr Sweetland on all future correspondence.
4	21 April 2022	Email from Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water) to Gene Wilson (Augean)	Has a meeting with the Anglian Water team on 21 April and will update later.
4	21 April 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Confirming an update on 21 April 2022 is acceptable.
5	21 April 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Claire Trolove (Anglian Water)	Querying whether Claire can arrange the requested meeting.
5	21 April 2022	Email from Claire Trolove (Anglian Water) to Gene Wilson (Augean)	Confirmation to organise the meeting with Mark Frogatt and copy Claire in.
6	26 April 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Will Anglian Water be able to meet next week?
6	28 April 2022	Email from Claire Trolove (Anglian Water) to Gene Wilson (Augean) and Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Requesting output scoping information prior to organising a meeting.
7	29 April 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	 Attached documents for consideration by Anglian Water. Table 1 Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment Table 2 Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios Draft new Requirement



ltem number in bundle	Date	Type of correspondence	Comments
8	3 May 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Attached a copy of the schematic cross sections plan (drawing reference AU/KCW/04- 22/23114)
9	5 May 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Requesting an update on the email sent to Mark Froggatt on 29 April 2022.
10	9 May 2022	Email from Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water) to Gene Wilson (Augean)	Confirming that Anglian Water are happy to meet and discuss the project.
10	9 May 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Confirming online meeting on 9 May 2022 at 5:00pm.
11	10 May 2022	Email from Gene Wilson (Augean) to Mark Frogatt (Anglian Water)	Attached a copy of the draft cross section plan (drawing reference AU/KCW/05- 22/23129).



Subject:

FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

From: Gene Wilson				
Sent: 14 April 2022 08:22				
To: 'mFroggatt	' <		>	
Cc: Peter Oldfield <		>; 'dSweetland		l I
<	>			

Subject: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

Dear Mark

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We understand that the following potential issues are of concern to Anglian:

- Disturbance/stability of the pipelines,
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As discussed during our meeting, we propose to undertake a risk assessment scoping exercise in which the potential risks are identified for each phase of the development (baseline, excavation, operational and restoration). The output of the scoping exercise, primarily in the form of a table, will seek to provide the basis for discussion and agreement between us of the risks that need to be assessed and the methods that will be used. We shall also identify information requirements. We propose to send you the initial scoping output by 29th April 2022. Following the provision of the output from the initial scoping exercise we shall seek to agree with you the risk assessments which need to be addressed and the timescales for these.

As you are aware we are part way through the DCO Examination which is due to close on 2nd of August 2022 leaving less than 4 months to run. While we may agree the scoping and possibly some of the risk assessments within this time period, it is unlikely that the more detailed aspects of the risk assessments, especially if they necessitate site investigation, can be completed and agreed in this timescale. It is unfortunate that these issues were not raised at the early stages of our consultation when we could have addressed them in the application. However as discussed at our meeting, the development of the landfill does not approach the pipeline corridor for at least 10 years. Operational vehicle crossing of the pipelines will not be necessary for at least 5 years. There is more than adequate time to address Anglian's concerns in advance of the encroachment of the landfill development.

We are therefore proposing an interim position that protects Anglian's interests while facilitating progress of the DCO application without any delay to the programme. We propose that a specific Requirement is included in the DCO which introduces flexibility for the distance of the stand-off. We intend to provide a draft of the requirement with proposals if necessary for additional provisions to be included in the protective provisions before the end of April.

We acknowledge Anglian's preference for a pipeline diversion around the development, however at this stage we wish to pursue the proposal in the DCO application. Diversion around the development would result in a material change to the proposals which is unlikely to be accepted by the Examining Authority meaning that the application would be rejected. We are obviously reluctant to explore this possibility at this time until we have properly considered the potential to determine an agreeable stand-off to the existing pipelines.

I hope that you find this a satisfactory approach. Could we perhaps put a date in our diaries in May to discuss the documents?

Please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions.

Best regards

Gene

Subject: FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

From: Gene Wilson			
Sent: 20 April 2022 13:04			
To: 'mFroggatt	' <		>
Cc: Peter Oldfield <		>; 'dSweetland	T
<	>		

Subject: RE: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

Dear Mark

We shall be providing the initial documents referred to below by the end of next week.

Would it be possible to have an online meeting to discuss the documents in the week of the 2nd of May, so that we can update the examiner on progress on the 11th May which is the next Examination deadline? We would be happy to have the meeting on a without prejudice basis if this is your preference.

Best regards

Gene

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Sent: 14 April 2022 08:22					
To: 'mFroggatt	' <		>		
Cc: Peter Oldfield <		>;		1	
<	>				

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Gene

Subject:

FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing



Dear Gene

Thank you for your email below. Please can all future correspondence on this matter sent to Mark be copied to myself instead of Mr Sweetland.

Any other general correspondence in relation to the matter, please can this be sent to me directly copying in my colleague, Steve Leader (cc'd to this email).

Thank you and kind regards



Anglian Water Services Limited Lancaster House, Lancaster Way, Ermine Business Park, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6XU

From: Gene Wilson <	>	
Sent: 20 April 2022 13:04		
To: Mark Froggatt <		>
Cc: Peter Oldfield <	>	; Darl Sweetland
<	>	

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Best regards

Gene

Gene Wilson Director of Environmental Planning

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road Kings Cliffe PE8 6XX



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Best regards

Gene

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Subject:	FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing
From: Gene Wil	son
Sent: 21 April 20	D22 13:59
To: Mark Frogga	att < >
Cc: Claire Trolov	re < >; Steve Leader >
Subject: RE: ENI	RMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing
Hi Mark That will be fine Gene	thanks
From: Mark Fro	ggatt < >
Sent: 21 April 20	D22 12:42
To: Gene Wilsor	n < >
Cc: Darl Sweetla	und < >
Subject: RE: ENI	RMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

Gene,

I've a meeting today with the team – I'll get back to you later today if that's ok

Best Regards

Mark

Mark Froggatt



Markinoggatt	
Chief Engineer AWS	
Head of Solutions @one Alliance	
Mobile –	
PA – Karen Charman	
Mobile –	

From: Gene Wilson <</td>>Sent: 20 April 2022 13:04>To: Mark Froggatt <</td>>

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Best regards

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Subject:	FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing	
From: Claire Trolove Sent: 21 April 2022 To: Gene Wilson < Cc: Mark Froggatt < Subject: RE: ENRMF	e < > 09:36 > >; Steve Leader < extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing	>
Dear Gene		
Thank you for your	email.	
Please continue to r	nake arrangements with Mark in relation to the meeting direct and	just copy me in.
Kind regards		
Claire Trolove Solicitor Mobile: Anglian Water Service	es Limited	love every drop anglian.vater
From: Gene Wilson Sent: 21 April 2022	<> 09:07	
To: Claire Trolove <	>	
Cc: Mark Froggatt < Subject: RE: ENRMF	>; Steve Leader < extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing	>

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Dear Claire

Thank you for the clarification. Are you in a position to help arrange the requested meeting? I anticipate that the meeting will primarily be technical in nature.

Best regards

Gene

Gene Wilson Director of Environmental Planning

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road Kings Cliffe PE8 6XX



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From: Claire Trolove <	>	
Sent: 20 April 2022 15:32		
To: Gene Wilson <	>	
Cc: Mark Froggatt <	>; Steve Leader <	>
Subject: FW: ENRMF extension -	Anglian Water Pipeline crossing	

Dear Gene

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Any other general correspondence in relation to the matter, please can this be sent to me directly copying in my colleague, Steve Leader (cc'd to this email).

Thank you and kind regards





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From: Gene Wilson					
Sent: 14 April 2022 08:22					
To: 'mFroggatt	' <		>		
Cc: Peter Oldfield <		>; 'dSweetland		1	
< <u>dSweetland</u>	>				

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Gene

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Sent:10 May 2022 20:44Subject:FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

From: Claire Trolov	2<	
Sent: 28 April 2022	16:02	
To: Gene Wilson <	>; Mark Froggatt <	>
Cc: Steve Leader <	>	
Subject: RE: ENRM	extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing	

Dear Gene

Thank you for your emails, our apologies for not responding sooner.

Subject: RE: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

I have spoken to Mark about the benefit of a meeting however without first seeing the documents you refer to in your email (output scoping information) it is difficult to assess. Please can this information be provided as soon as possible (I note you had said it should be with us this week) so that it may be considered and the merit of any meeting determined.

Kind regards

Claire Trolove Solicitor Mobile: Mobile: Anglian Water Services Limited		love every drop
		anglianwater
From: Gene Wilson <	>	
Sent: 26 April 2022 09:57		

EXTERNAL MAIL	- Please be aware this	mail is from an externa	al sender - THINK	BEFORE YOU

>; Steve Leader <

CLICK

Cc: Claire Trolove <

Hi Mark

Have you had a chance to discuss with your team. Will you be able to offer a meeting next week?

Thanks

Gene

Director of Environmental Planning

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road **Kings Cliffe** PE8 6XX

Tel: Mobile:					
Web:			bean —		
	SPECIALISTS IN MA	ANAGING THE UK'S	DIFFICULT TO HANDLE	WASTES FOR:	
ENERCY FROM WASTE		NUCLEAR & RADIOACTIVE	PROCESSING & MANUFACTURING	OIL & CAS	
UK WASTE T	REATMENT & DISPOSA	L INFRASTRUCTUR	E FOCUSSING ON BEST	ENVIRONMENTA	LOUTCOMES

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Best Regards



Mark Froggatt Chief Engineer AWS Head of Solutions @one Alliance Mobile – PA – Karen Charman Mobile – Anglian Water Services Limited

Lancaster House, Ermine Business Park, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6XU



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Dear Mark

We shall be providing the initial documents referred to below by the end of next week.

Would it be possible to have an online meeting to discuss the documents in the week of the 2nd of May, so that we can update the examiner on progress on the 11th May which is the next Examination deadline? We would be happy to have the meeting on a without prejudice basis if this is your preference.

Best regards

Gene

Gene Wilson Director of Environmental Planning

Augean East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road Kings Cliffe PE8 6XX

Tel:	
Mobile:	
Web:	



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Subject: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

Dear Mark

Thank you for the helpful and constructive discussion last week. I have discussed the issues raised with my colleagues and confirm below how we propose to proceed in order to ensure that Anglian Water's (Anglian's) concerns are properly addressed while facilitating progress of the DCO application.

We understand that the following potential issues are of concern to Anglian:

- Disturbance/stability of the pipelines,
- Increased risk of inundation around the pipeline as a result of changes to the adjacent land profile,
- Impact of catastrophic failure of the pipes,
- Contamination from the landfill,
- Need for 20m stand off from the pipelines for operational access to facilitate repairs.

As discussed during our meeting, we propose to undertake a risk assessment scoping exercise in which the potential risks are identified for each phase of the development (baseline, excavation, operational and restoration). The output of the scoping exercise, primarily in the form of a table, will seek to provide the basis for discussion and agreement between us of the risks that need to be assessed and the methods that will be used. We shall also identify information requirements. We propose to send you the initial scoping output by 29th April 2022. Following the provision of the output from the initial scoping exercise we shall seek to agree with you the risk assessments which need to be addressed and the timescales for these.

As you are aware we are part way through the DCO Examination which is due to close on 2nd of August 2022 leaving less than 4 months to run. While we may agree the scoping and possibly some of the risk assessments within this time period, it is unlikely that the more detailed aspects of the risk assessments, especially if they necessitate site investigation, can be completed and agreed in this timescale. It is unfortunate that these issues were not raised at the early stages of our consultation when we could have addressed them in the application. However as discussed at our meeting, the development of the landfill does not approach the pipeline corridor for at least 10 years. Operational vehicle crossing of the pipelines will not be necessary for at least 5 years. There is more than adequate time to address Anglian's concerns in advance of the encroachment of the landfill development.

We are therefore proposing an interim position that protects Anglian's interests while facilitating progress of the DCO application without any delay to the programme. We propose that a specific Requirement is included in the DCO which introduces flexibility for the distance of the stand-off. We intend to provide a draft of the requirement with proposals if necessary for additional provisions to be included in the protective provisions before the end of April.

We acknowledge Anglian's preference for a pipeline diversion around the development, however at this stage we wish to pursue the proposal in the DCO application. Diversion around the development would result in a material change to the proposals which is unlikely to be accepted by the Examining Authority meaning that the application would be rejected. We are obviously reluctant to explore this possibility at this time until we have properly considered the potential to determine an agreeable stand-off to the existing pipelines.

I hope that you find this a satisfactory approach. Could we perhaps put a date in our diaries in May to discuss the documents?

Please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions.

Best regards

Gene

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Subject:	ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing
Attachments:	Draft new Requirement for the DCO.DOCX; Table 1. Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment.docx; Table 2. Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios.docx

From: Gene Wilson <	>
Sent: Friday, 29 April 2022 10:54	
To: mFroggatt	
Cc: <u>cTrolove</u> ;	sLeader
Subject: ENRMF extension - Anglian	n Water Pipeline crossing

Dear Mark

Further to my e-mail of the 14th April 2022 I attach for your consideration the following documents:

- <u>Table 1 Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment.</u> The purpose of this table is to set out methodically and comprehensively the technical and operational issues which we understand may be of concern to Anglian Water.
- <u>Table 2 Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios.</u> The purpose of this table drawing from Table 1, is to
 focus on how the risks will be addressed and identify the information that will be necessary to undertake the
 risk assessments.
- <u>Draft new Requirement.</u> The purpose of this Requirement is to allow the agreement with Anglian Water of the standoffs following the submission of the additional risk assessments outside and beyond the DCO process but before the works start in the landfill phases adjacent to the route of the water pipelines. As discussed at our meeting on 5th of April 2022 it will be at least 10 years before the phases in the vicinity of the pipelines are developed providing substantial time to ensure that all risk and access matters are addressed, and agreement reached.

For your information to ensure that we have fully understood and properly addressed the risks to the pipelines we have engaged a specialist pipeline engineer to assist with the risk assessments.

As previously requested, we should be grateful if we could have a meeting to walk through the above documents and discuss any queries you may have. Ideally this would be prior to the next Examination Document Submission Deadline which is on the 11th May 2022 so that we can update the Examining Authority on our engagement. You will have seen from the Examining Authority's second list of questions published on 27th April 2022 that he has asked a number of questions of us and Anglian Water regarding progress on these matters.

Finally, I would like to emphasise that Augean has not dismissed Anglian Water's suggestion of diverting the pipelines. Our initial consideration of the option would suggest that it potentially has a more adverse risk profile than identifying suitable standoffs around the in-situ pipelines. We should therefore be grateful to discuss this proposal understand Anglian Water's rationale at the requested meeting.

I hope that you find the information provided helpful and that we are able to find a way forward on this matter.

I look forward to discussing the information with you.

Best regards

Gene

Attachments: Table 1. Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment

Table 2. Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios

Draft new Requirement for the DCO

Gene Wilson Director of Environmental Planning

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road **Kings Cliffe PE8 6XX**



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ENRMF DCO Application Anglian Water Pipelines. Table 1 Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment.

1. Introduction

The scoping table is prepared and provided for discussion in order to agree the risks which might arise and which need to be assessed. It is helpful to the risk assessment process to agree the scenarios (and their reasonable likelihood) at the outset so that the risk assessment process is methodical and as comprehensive as possible.

It is anticipated that once the scenarios are agreed, the first stage of the risk assessment will commence and as part of that stage further discussions may be appropriate to agree the parameters and values assigned where numerical analysis is carried out.

As part of the risk assessment process, avoidance and/or mitigation measures which may reduce the risk of an occurrence or the magnitude or effect of the consequences of an occurrence will be identified for consideration.

For the purposes of this risk assessment process the presence of the proposed diverted electricity cable in the same area as the water pipes is ignored as it is considered that the presence of any diverted cable can be assessed following the conclusion of this risk assessment process for the water pipes only. Similarly it is considered that a suitable crossing over the pipelines can be constructed that will protect the integrity of the pipelines. This may take the form of placement of additional thickness of material over the pipeline and/or the use of steel road plates or other structures to spread the load. A specification for design of the crossing is needed and we understand that it is for Anglian Water to provide the specification. This risk is therefore not included in the assessments below.

2. Factual information that needs to be confirmed and/or provided to assist in the assessments.

A schematic diagram showing the cross section in the area under consideration is attached for reference (Drawing reference AU/KCW/04-22/23114).

The two water pipes are each understood to be formed of steel 800mm in diameter with approximately 4.5m between the two pipe centres. The tops are approximately 1.2m below the ground level. The pipe bedding is likely to be Type S aggregate to half or two thirds the diameter of the pipe covered with backfill. *Anglian Water are seeking as built drawings of the installed pipes*.

The pipes are gravity fed water mains with flow (un-boosted) driven by the reservoir pressure up stream. Flow is likely to be 1m³/s at 8bar. There is no pressure monitoring in the pipes, the system is designed to compensate for any loss in pressure.

The nearest isolation valves are 1km [*where?*] for the southern pipe and 5km [*where?*] for the northern pipe. It has been suggested that it could take up to 4 hours [*Anglian to confirm/update*] for isolation following a failure of the pipe.

Anglian have been requested to provide any internal (or other) references or guidance used for the prediction of pipe blow outs.

For repair purposes room is needed to provide:

• excavation to the pipe and safe batters

- room for access and operation by 20t to 40t crawlers
- space for vehicles to pass the crawler
- room is needed either side so that each pipe can be accessed.

Agreement is needed on what activities by Augean are acceptable in the standoff area.

Anglian are requested to confirm whether the pipes deliver treated water directly to supply or whether the water is directed to a blending/treatment facility before entering supply.

3. Scoping table of scenarios for risk assessment

The scenarios for which the risks need to be assessed are set out in the table below. The scenarios are divided into the following categories:

- physical/structural safety concerns under normal circumstances,
- physical/structural safety concerns under abnormal circumstances (ie following pipe failure rather than as a result of a small leak),
- access needs under normal circumstances,
- access needs under abnormal circumstances (ie following pipe failure rather than as a result of a small leak),
- contamination concerns/access under normal circumstances, and what potential exposure pathway is of concern
- contamination concerns/access under abnormal circumstances (ie following pipe failure), and what potential exposure pathway is of concern.

Each scenario is considered for each of the following development stages:

- **A.** Pre-development;
- **B.** Operational excavation and construction stage;
- C. Operational waste placement (below ground) stage;
- D. Operational waste placement (above ground) stage; and
- **E.** Post restoration period.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and as	nooguanaaa will ba aanaidara	with respect to one pipe and to both pipes	at the same time where this effects the sense wereas
	Ding integt	a with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	At the same time where this anects the consequences.
A. Pre-development.	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns.	
Current cituation		Presence of water in the bedding	
Current situation –		surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion	
agricultural field, 15m		Access needs:	Flooding of the area with water prior to cutting off the
to 20m from the		Ease of access to carry out repair.	flow.
excavation boundary		Contamination concerns:	No assessment needed.
of the current landfill		None envisaged.	
nearby road.	Falled pipe – assume	Physical/structural safety concerns:	What would the crater size be?
			Liosion of adjacent land by the water norm the pipe.
These scenarios		Access needs:	Flooding of the area with water prior to cutting off the
represent the pre-		Ease of access to carry out repair.	flow.
development,		Contamination concerns:	Potential for silt and/or contaminants (fertiliser
baseline situation.		Effect on water quality at the point of	nesticides waste in existing landfill) to enter the pine
		supply	(this would be during repair works as there would be
			no flow following pipe failure)
B Operational	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns:	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes
excavation and		Instability/movement/reduction in strength	Increased risk of pipe failure
construction stage		of the supporting ground	Consider the effects if excavations take place
conclusion etago.		Slip in the excavated slope.	concurrently on both sides of the pipe corridor.
Excavation of the		Presence of water in the bedding	Reduced life of the pipeline.
adjacent phases and		surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion	
construction of the			
engineered		Access needs:	The excavation might affect the topographical falls
containment liner		Ease of access to carry out repair.	around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease
			in surface water runoff across the pipeline and
			flooding restricting access to the area to carry out
			repair.
		Contamination concerns:	No assessment needed.
		No additional sources envisaged as no	
		sources as a result of the development.	

Development stage	Status of the water	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
	hihe(a)		
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	Physical/structural safety concerns: Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the excavated slope as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the excavated slope as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the excavation.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the excavations) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The excavation might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair
		<i>Contamination concerns</i> : No additional sources envisaged as no sources as a result of the development	Potential for silt and/or agricultural contaminants (fertiliser, pesticides, waste in existing landfill) to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure)
C. Operational waste placement (below ground) stage Placement of waste in the adjacent phases to levels below the ground	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns: Instability/reduction in strength of the supporting ground. Slip in the excavated slope and/or supporting waste slope. Presence of water in the bedding surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes. Increased risk of pipe failure. Consider the effects if excavations and waste placement take place concurrently on both sides of the pipe corridor. Reduced life of the pipeline.
		Access needs: Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
			flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.
		Contamination concerns: Migration of contaminants from the waste into the water in the pipe. Migration of contaminants from the waste into the pipe bedding and onward migration to groundwater or surface water.	Assess the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate, LLW potential to irradiate the water in the pipes.
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	<i>Physical/structural safety concerns</i> : Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the excavated and lined slope as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the excavated and lined slope as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the waste and generate excess leachate.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed				
*The risks and co	*The risks and consequences will be considered with respect to one pipe and to both pipes at the same time where this affects the consequences						
		Contamination concerns: Effect on water quality at the point of supply. Potential for contaminants in the waste to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate.	Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure). Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate to the air, surface water or groundwater. Assessment of the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate.				
D. Operational waste placement (above ground) stage Placement of waste in the adjacent phases to levels above the ground	Pipe intact	 Physical/structural safety concerns: Instability/reduction in strength of the supporting ground. Slip in the above ground waste slope. Presence of water in the bedding surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion. Erosion as a result of water runoff from the filled waste areas. 	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes. Increased risk of pipe failure. Consider the effects if waste placement take place concurrently on both sides of the pipe corridor. Reduced life of the pipeline.				
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.				
		<i>Contamination concerns</i> : Migration of contaminants from the waste into the water in the pipe.	Assess the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate, LLW potential to irradiate the water in the pipes.				

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be consider	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
		Migration of contaminants from the waste into the pipe bedding and onward migration to groundwater or surface water.	
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	<i>Physical/structural safety concerns</i> : Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the lined slope and placed waste as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the lined slope and placed waste as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the waste and generate excess leachate.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair. Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill areas) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner.
		Contamination concerns: Effect on water quality at the point of supply. Potential for contaminants in the waste to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate.	Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure). Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate to the air, surface water or groundwater. Assessment of the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate.
E. Post restoration period After capping and restoration of the site	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns: Instability/reduction in strength of the supporting ground. Slip in the above ground restored site slope.	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes. Increased risk of pipe failure. Reduced life of the pipeline.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	d with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
		Presence of water in the bedding surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion. Erosion as a result of water runoff from the restored landfill areas.	Postriction on physical space (as a result of the
		Ease of access to carry out repair.	restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.
		Contamination concerns: Migration of contaminants from the waste into the water in the pipe. Migration of contaminants from the waste into the pipe bedding and onward migration to groundwater or surface water.	Assess the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate, LLW potential to irradiate the water in the pipes.
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	Physical/structural safety concerns: Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the capped and restored slope or lined perimeter as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the capped and restored slope or lined perimeter as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the waste and generate excess leachate. Flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair. Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill areas) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	onsequences will be considere	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
			Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill areas) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner.
		Contamination concerns: Effect on water quality at the point of supply. Potential for contaminants in the waste to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate.	Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure). Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate to the air, surface water or groundwater. Assessment of the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate.

ENRMF DCO Application Anglian Water Pipelines. Table 2 Proposals to address the key risk scenarios

Introduction

The purpose of this table is to identify the main work areas and information needed to progress assessment of the key risk scenarios identified in Table 1.

Relevant	Management controls	Proposed assessments	Information required
stage of			Each item is only identified once
development			
(See Table 1)			
1. Pipe Inta	act: Access for maintenance and repairs		
All stages	Distance of standoff of landfill operations and any	Review of operational	Confirmation of Anglian
	ground structures such as hedges and fences.	requirements for Anglian.	requirements.
	Limitations of any restoration soil depth and/or	Obtain advice from a specialist	As built information regarding
	gradient placement in the standoff area.	pipeline engineer in relation to the likely access requirement	the pipelines.
	It is considered that the provision of laydown areas	needed to facility a pipeline	
	does not need to be accommodated within the	repair or replacement.	
	standoff area as an agricultural field with an access		
	track is available at the eastern end of the area.		
2. Pipe Inta	act: Impact on structural integrity of the pipes as a re	esult of excavation and filling	
Stages B, C, D	Proposed: Distance of standoff of the excavation that	Geotechnical risk assessments	Tolerances for movements and
	does not result in significant movement of the	have been undertaken to verify	strains of the pipeline including
	pipeline due to changes in the stresses on the	the stability of the excavated	in particular at the location of the
	ground surrounding the pipeline during to excavation	and lined slopes prior to, during	pipeline bends and the ground
	and filling of the landfill phases.	and following landfill cell	stresses that need to be
		construction and filling.	maintained at the bends.
	Excavated slopes are designed to a factor of safety		
	of 1.4. The slopes do not stand open for long as they	Further assessment will be	Augean has extensive
	are lined with clay and geosynthetic materials before	undertaken, in consultation with	information and experience of
	being backfilled soon after construction. The	a specialist pipeline engineer, to	the geotechnical properties of

	 excavated slopes have factors of safety of 1.4 while they are open and increase rapidly as they are lined and then filled, becoming fully supported and therefore unable to fail once waste reaches ground level. During the slope excavation and lining there is full time supervision on site of the works by independent quality assurance engineers. During the filling and restoring of the slopes the stability and integrity of the slopes and lining system are monitored by Augean in accordance with the site operational procedures and environmental permit requirements. 	verify that standoffs from the pipeline and pipeline joints and bends will be sufficient to prevent changes to the current stress conditions of the ground surrounding the pipeline during to excavation and filling of the landfill phases Assessment of swelling and shrinkage potential of the in situ clays surrounding the pipeline and whether this potential is likely to change due the proximity of the landfill site.	the clay material around and under the pipelines so it is not anticipated that further site investigation will be needed. Depending on the sensitivity of the outcome based on the short and long tern (total and effective stress) shear strength data that is available already for the in situ geology at the site and the possible need for additional parameter information, it may be necessary to obtain more data close to the pipelines
	<u>Additional:</u> No additional controls are considered necessary.		
3. Pipe Inta	act: Contaminant migration from the landfill below g	round to the pipeline surrounds	
Stages C, D, E	 <u>Proposed:</u> Landfill engineering prevents the migration of contaminants beyond the site (1m clay at 1x10⁻⁹m/s permeability and 2mm HDPE 1x10⁻¹⁴m/s). The landfill and the pipeline are situated within in-situ clay with a vertical permeability of 1.9 x 10⁻¹⁰m/s to 8.4 x 10⁻¹²m/s with a geometric mean of 2.6 x 10⁻¹¹m/s (based on 5 samples of glacial till from the site). Leachate levels are maintained no greater than 1m above the base of the site which is at least 7m below the pipelines. Groundwater is at least 8m below the base of the site in the vicinity of the pipelines. As the wastes deposited in the landfill will have limited gas generating potential the generation of gases or vapours under pressure at the site is not 	There is no identified below ground pathway for the contaminants to migrate to the pipelines as solid, soluble or gaseous contaminants. Gamma radiation from LLW is attenuated through the landfill cell walls and the clay and soil. Accordingly gamma radiation from the LLW will not affect the properties of the water in the pipelines. This specific assessment will be presented in the ESC which is under preparation. The relevant	It is considered that no additional information is necessary

	anticipated. Gas concentrations and pressures are monitored under the Environmental Permit. If active extraction and management becomes necessary it will be implemented in accordance with the Environmental Permit.	sections of the ESC will be provided to Anglian Water for confirmation.	
	necessary.		
4. Pipe Inta	act: Contaminant run-off to the pipeline surrounds		
Stages C, D	 <u>Proposed:</u> During stage C the waste is below ground level. During Stage D the edge of the waste is maintained at 1m below the top of the landfill liner. Run-off from the landfilled waste drains back into the landfill. A geocomposite drainage layer (geotextile with a drainage core) will be installed to provide a leachate drainage blanket up the inner side slopes of the engineered liner. Additional: No additional controls are considered 	There is no identified pathway for the contaminants to migrate to the pipelines	It is considered that no additional information is necessary
	necessary.		
5. Pipe Inta	act: Surface water run off causing increased inundat	ion around pipelines	
Stage E	 <u>Proposed:</u> Interception ditches will be installed along the edge of the landfills diverting water away from the pipelines. Storm attenuation areas are for short term storage after storm events and should not result in additional water inundation around the pipelines 	Assess the drainage efficacy to manage the potential run off and compare with pre-development drainage characteristics	It is considered that no additional information is necessary
	<u>Additional:</u> Water levels in the bedding around the pipelines could be monitored routinely before and after operations to determine if there is a significant change.		

	Storm attenuation areas could be lined with clay if monitoring indicates water is draining towards the		
C Dina Cai	pipelines	a the integrity of the lendfill	
6. Pipe Fai	led: Catastrophic failure resulting in a crater affectin	Ig the integrity of the landfill	Identify methodology for
Slages C, D, E	Proposed. The landing will be constructed beyond the	specialist pipeline engineer the	prediction of the crotor and
		notential size of the crater or	calculate the size
	Additional: No additional controls are considered	erosion zone due to high	
	necessary	pressure release	Confirm the nature of potential
			failures.
			Confirm the pipeline pressure of
			8bar.
7. Pipe Fai	led: Failure resulting in water discharge to the landf	illed waste	
Stages C, D	Proposed: The landfill would accommodate the	Calculation of the volume of	Confirm the rate of flow from the
	water and would have to be removed as leachate.	water that would be discharged	pipeline and the length of time
		to the landfill.	until the pipeline is isolated.
	Additional: Construct bunds along the edge of the		
	void during the operational period to divert water	If bunds are constructed it will	
	away from the waste.	the water will discharge to	
	Consider the installation of leak detection systems to		
	provide early warning of leaks so that repairs can be		
	carried out well before any approach to catastrophic		
	failure.		
8. Pipe Fai	led: Failure resulting in water inundation along the p	bipeline area preventing access	
Stages C, D, E	Falls are generally along the line of the pipeline and	Review and confirm drainage	No additional information
	fall to the north west for the majority of the pipeline	patterns around the pipeline for	needed
	area, with the south eastern third falling to the south	the current site, during the site	
	east. Water is unlikely to pond in the area of the	works and following site	
	pipeline.	restoration.	
9 Pine Fai	led: Risk of contamination of surrounding ground w	I enter the water supply	
Stages C. D. F.	As a result of the measures that will be implemented	A non-technical summary risk	No additional information
	to minimise the risks addressed above there is no	assessment will be prepared	needed

risk that contaminants will enter the pipeline during pipeline repairs as the ground around the pipeline will not contain contaminants from the landfill. Notwithstanding this, there is the potential for public perception that this remains as a risk. In order to gain and maintain public trust and confidence it is important that information and risk assessment is based on factual and evidenced information and scenarios.	identifying and summarising why there is no risk of contamination of water supplies under all of the scenarios considered.	
---	---	--

Proposed New draft Requirement:

[]. (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) and (3), no part of phases [18], [19] and [20] of the authorised development, as shown on Figure ES5.1 'current and proposed landfill phases', can commence until the stand offs from the water pipes have been agreed in writing by the relevant planning authority in consultation with Anglian Water acting reasonably.

(2) the stand offs as approved in sub-paragraph (1) must remain between 7 and [X] metres either side of the water pipes.

(3) in default of agreement regarding the stand offs from water pipes in sub-paragraph (1) between the undertaker, relevant local planning authority and Anglian Water, such stand offs shall be settled by arbitration in accordance with article 20 (arbitration).

New definitions:

"water pipes" means apparatus within the Order limits owned and operated by Anglian Water as identified by a blue dashed line on Figure ES5.1 'current and proposed landfill phases';

"Anglian Water" means AWG Group Limited (company number 02366618), whose registered office is at Lancaster House Lancaster Way, Ermine Business Park, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6XU [AW to confirm]

From:	Gene Wilson
Sent:	03 May 20 <u>22 13:35</u>
To:	mFroggatt
Cc:	cTrolove ; sLeader
Subject:	RE: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossing
Attachments:	Schematic Cross Sections.pdf

Mark

Apologies, but drawing reference AU/KCW/04-22/23114 which is reference in Table 1 was excluded from my email on Friday which is now attached.

Sorry for the inconvenience.

Regards

Gene Wilson **Director of Environmental Planning**

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road **Kings Cliffe** PE8 6XX

Tel: Mobile: Web: Augean SPECIALISTS IN MANAGING THE UK'S DIFFICULT TO HANDLE WASTES FOR: 000 H ENERGY CONSTRUCTION NUCLEAR & PROCESSING FROM WASTE RADIOACTIVE MANUFACTURING CLEANING UK WASTE TREATMENT & DISPOSAL INFRASTRUCTURE FOCUSSING ON BEST ENVIRONMENTAL OUTCOMES

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From: Gene Wilson	
Sent: 29 April 2022 10:54	
To: mFroggatt	
Cc: cTrolove	; sLeader
Subject: ENRMF extension - Ang	ian Water Pipeline crossing

Further to my e-mail of the 14th April 2022 I attach for your consideration the following documents:

- <u>Table 1 Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment.</u> The purpose of this table is to set out methodically and comprehensively the technical and operational issues which we understand may be of concern to Anglian Water.
- <u>Table 2 Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios.</u> The purpose of this table drawing from Table 1, is to focus on how the risks will be addressed and identify the information that will be necessary to undertake the risk assessments.
- <u>Draft new Requirement.</u> The purpose of this Requirement is to allow the agreement with Anglian Water of the standoffs following the submission of the additional risk assessments outside and beyond the DCO process but before the works start in the landfill phases adjacent to the route of the water pipelines. As discussed at our meeting on 5th of April 2022 it will be at least 10 years before the phases in the vicinity of the pipelines are developed providing substantial time to ensure that all risk and access matters are addressed, and agreement reached.

For your information to ensure that we have fully understood and properly addressed the risks to the pipelines we have engaged a specialist pipeline engineer to assist with the risk assessments.

As previously requested, we should be grateful if we could have a meeting to walk through the above documents and discuss any queries you may have. Ideally this would be prior to the next Examination Document Submission Deadline which is on the 11th May 2022 so that we can update the Examining Authority on our engagement. You will have seen from the Examining Authority's second list of questions published on 27th April 2022 that he has asked a number of questions of us and Anglian Water regarding progress on these matters.

Finally, I would like to emphasise that Augean has not dismissed Anglian Water's suggestion of diverting the pipelines. Our initial consideration of the option would suggest that it potentially has a more adverse risk profile than identifying suitable standoffs around the in-situ pipelines. We should therefore be grateful to discuss this proposal understand Anglian Water's rationale at the requested meeting.

I hope that you find the information provided helpful and that we are able to find a way forward on this matter.

I look forward to discussing the information with you.

Best regards

Gene

Attachments: Table 1. Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment

Table 2. Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios

Draft new Requirement for the DCO



Subject:FW: ENRMF extension - Anglian Water Pipeline crossingAttachments:Draft new Requirement for the DCO.DOCX; Table 1. Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk
Assessment.docx; Table 2. Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios.docx

From: Gene Wilson <	>
Date: 5 May 2022 at 08:52:31 BS	т
To: mFroggatt	
Cc: <u>cTrolove</u>	, <u>sLeader</u>
Subject: Re: ENRMF extension -	Anglian Water Pipeline crossing

Dear Mark

I wondered if you had had an opportunity to consider the documents sent to you last week?

As previously offered, we should pleased to meet with you and your team to walk through the documents to ensure that we have fully understood the issues raised by Anglian, and to agree the approach to the assessments. We believe that this will be the most efficient means of addressing your concerns.

It would clearly assist the examination if we are able to submit a progress update by the 11th May which is the next submission deadline. If we are able to meet before then that would be helpful.

I look forward to hearing from you.

Best regards

Gene

On 29 Apr 2022, at 10:53, Gene Wilson <

Dear Mark

Further to my e-mail of the 14th April 2022 I attach for your consideration the following documents:

 <u>Table 1 Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment.</u> The purpose of this table is to set out methodically and comprehensively the technical and operational issues which we understand may be of concern to Anglian Water.

> wrote:

 <u>Table 2 Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios.</u> The purpose of this table drawing from Table 1, is to focus on how the risks will be addressed and identify the information that will be necessary to undertake the risk assessments. <u>Draft new Requirement.</u> The purpose of this Requirement is to allow the agreement with Anglian Water of the standoffs following the submission of the additional risk assessments outside and beyond the DCO process but before the works start in the landfill phases adjacent to the route of the water pipelines. As discussed at our meeting on 5th of April 2022 it will be at least 10 years before the phases in the vicinity of the pipelines are developed providing substantial time to ensure that all risk and access matters are addressed, and agreement reached.

For your information to ensure that we have fully understood and properly addressed the risks to the pipelines we have engaged a specialist pipeline engineer to assist with the risk assessments.

As previously requested, we should be grateful if we could have a meeting to walk through the above documents and discuss any queries you may have. Ideally this would be prior to the next Examination Document Submission Deadline which is on the 11th May 2022 so that we can update the Examining Authority on our engagement. You will have seen from the Examining Authority's second list of questions published on 27th April 2022 that he has asked a number of questions of us and Anglian Water regarding progress on these matters.

Finally, I would like to emphasise that Augean has not dismissed Anglian Water's suggestion of diverting the pipelines. Our initial consideration of the option would suggest that it potentially has a more adverse risk profile than identifying suitable standoffs around the in-situ pipelines. We should therefore be grateful to discuss this proposal understand Anglian Water's rationale at the requested meeting.

I hope that you find the information provided helpful and that we are able to find a way forward on this matter.

I look forward to discussing the information with you.

Best regards

Gene

Attachments: Table 1. Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment

Table 2. Proposals to Address the Key Risk Scenarios

Draft new Requirement for the DCO

Gene Wilson Director of Environmental Planning

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road Kings Cliffe PE8 6XX



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ENRMF DCO Application Anglian Water Pipelines. Table 1 Scoping Table of Scenarios for Risk Assessment.

1. Introduction

The scoping table is prepared and provided for discussion in order to agree the risks which might arise and which need to be assessed. It is helpful to the risk assessment process to agree the scenarios (and their reasonable likelihood) at the outset so that the risk assessment process is methodical and as comprehensive as possible.

It is anticipated that once the scenarios are agreed, the first stage of the risk assessment will commence and as part of that stage further discussions may be appropriate to agree the parameters and values assigned where numerical analysis is carried out.

As part of the risk assessment process, avoidance and/or mitigation measures which may reduce the risk of an occurrence or the magnitude or effect of the consequences of an occurrence will be identified for consideration.

For the purposes of this risk assessment process the presence of the proposed diverted electricity cable in the same area as the water pipes is ignored as it is considered that the presence of any diverted cable can be assessed following the conclusion of this risk assessment process for the water pipes only. Similarly it is considered that a suitable crossing over the pipelines can be constructed that will protect the integrity of the pipelines. This may take the form of placement of additional thickness of material over the pipeline and/or the use of steel road plates or other structures to spread the load. A specification for design of the crossing is needed and we understand that it is for Anglian Water to provide the specification. This risk is therefore not included in the assessments below.

2. Factual information that needs to be confirmed and/or provided to assist in the assessments.

A schematic diagram showing the cross section in the area under consideration is attached for reference (Drawing reference AU/KCW/04-22/23114).

The two water pipes are each understood to be formed of steel 800mm in diameter with approximately 4.5m between the two pipe centres. The tops are approximately 1.2m below the ground level. The pipe bedding is likely to be Type S aggregate to half or two thirds the diameter of the pipe covered with backfill. *Anglian Water are seeking as built drawings of the installed pipes*.

The pipes are gravity fed water mains with flow (un-boosted) driven by the reservoir pressure up stream. Flow is likely to be 1m³/s at 8bar. There is no pressure monitoring in the pipes, the system is designed to compensate for any loss in pressure.

The nearest isolation valves are 1km [*where?*] for the southern pipe and 5km [*where?*] for the northern pipe. It has been suggested that it could take up to 4 hours [*Anglian to confirm/update*] for isolation following a failure of the pipe.

Anglian have been requested to provide any internal (or other) references or guidance used for the prediction of pipe blow outs.

For repair purposes room is needed to provide:

• excavation to the pipe and safe batters

- room for access and operation by 20t to 40t crawlers
- space for vehicles to pass the crawler
- room is needed either side so that each pipe can be accessed.

Agreement is needed on what activities by Augean are acceptable in the standoff area.

Anglian are requested to confirm whether the pipes deliver treated water directly to supply or whether the water is directed to a blending/treatment facility before entering supply.

3. Scoping table of scenarios for risk assessment

The scenarios for which the risks need to be assessed are set out in the table below. The scenarios are divided into the following categories:

- physical/structural safety concerns under normal circumstances,
- physical/structural safety concerns under abnormal circumstances (ie following pipe failure rather than as a result of a small leak),
- access needs under normal circumstances,
- access needs under abnormal circumstances (ie following pipe failure rather than as a result of a small leak),
- contamination concerns/access under normal circumstances, and what potential exposure pathway is of concern
- contamination concerns/access under abnormal circumstances (ie following pipe failure), and what potential exposure pathway is of concern.

Each scenario is considered for each of the following development stages:

- **A.** Pre-development;
- **B.** Operational excavation and construction stage;
- C. Operational waste placement (below ground) stage;
- D. Operational waste placement (above ground) stage; and
- **E.** Post restoration period.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and as	nooguanaaa will ba aanaidara	with respect to one pipe and to both pipes	at the same time where this effects the sense wereas
	Ding integt	a with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	At the same time where this anects the consequences.
A. Pre-development.	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns.	
Current cituation		Presence of water in the bedding	
Current situation –		surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion	
agricultural field, 15m		Access needs:	Flooding of the area with water prior to cutting off the
to 20m from the		Ease of access to carry out repair.	flow.
excavation boundary		Contamination concerns:	No assessment needed.
of the current landfill		None envisaged.	
nearby road.	Falled pipe – assume	Physical/structural safety concerns:	What would the crater size be? Erosion of adjacent land by the water from the pipe
			Liosion of adjacent land by the water norm the pipe.
These scenarios		Access needs:	Flooding of the area with water prior to cutting off the
represent the pre-		Ease of access to carry out repair.	flow.
development,		Contamination concerns:	Potential for silt and/or contaminants (fertiliser
baseline situation.		Effect on water quality at the point of	nesticides waste in existing landfill) to enter the pine
		supply	(this would be during repair works as there would be
			no flow following pipe failure)
B Operational	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns:	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes
excavation and		Instability/movement/reduction in strength	Increased risk of pipe failure
construction stage		of the supporting ground	Consider the effects if excavations take place
conclusion etago.		Slip in the excavated slope.	concurrently on both sides of the pipe corridor.
Excavation of the		Presence of water in the bedding	Reduced life of the pipeline.
adjacent phases and		surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion	
construction of the			
engineered		Access needs:	The excavation might affect the topographical falls
containment liner		Ease of access to carry out repair.	around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease
			in surface water runoff across the pipeline and
			flooding restricting access to the area to carry out
			repair.
		Contamination concerns:	No assessment needed.
		No additional sources envisaged as no	
		sources as a result of the development.	

Development stage	Status of the water	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
	hihe(a)		
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
	catastrophic failure.	Physical/structural safety concerns: Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the excavated slope as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the excavated slope as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the excavation.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the excavations) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The excavation might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair
		<i>Contamination concerns</i> : No additional sources envisaged as no sources as a result of the development	Potential for silt and/or agricultural contaminants (fertiliser, pesticides, waste in existing landfill) to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure)
C. Operational waste placement (below ground) stage Placement of waste in the adjacent phases to levels below the ground	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns: Instability/reduction in strength of the supporting ground. Slip in the excavated slope and/or supporting waste slope. Presence of water in the bedding surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes. Increased risk of pipe failure. Consider the effects if excavations and waste placement take place concurrently on both sides of the pipe corridor. Reduced life of the pipeline.
		Access needs: Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
		flooding restricting access to the area to carry repair.	
		Contamination concerns: Migration of contaminants from the waste into the water in the pipe. Migration of contaminants from the waste into the pipe bedding and onward migration to groundwater or surface water.	Assess the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate, LLW potential to irradiate the water in the pipes.
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	<i>Physical/structural safety concerns</i> : Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the excavated and lined slope as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the excavated and lined slope as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the waste and generate excess leachate.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	d with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences
		Contamination concerns: Effect on water quality at the point of supply. Potential for contaminants in the waste to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate.	Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure). Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate to the air, surface water or groundwater. Assessment of the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate.
D. Operational waste placement (above ground) stage Placement of waste in the adjacent phases to levels above the ground	Pipe intact	 Physical/structural safety concerns: Instability/reduction in strength of the supporting ground. Slip in the above ground waste slope. Presence of water in the bedding surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion. Erosion as a result of water runoff from the filled waste areas. 	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes. Increased risk of pipe failure. Consider the effects if waste placement take place concurrently on both sides of the pipe corridor. Reduced life of the pipeline.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.
		<i>Contamination concerns</i> : Migration of contaminants from the waste into the water in the pipe.	Assess the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate, LLW potential to irradiate the water in the pipes.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be consider	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
		Migration of contaminants from the waste into the pipe bedding and onward migration to groundwater or surface water.	
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	<i>Physical/structural safety concerns</i> : Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the lined slope and placed waste as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the lined slope and placed waste as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the waste and generate excess leachate.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair. Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill areas) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner.
		Contamination concerns: Effect on water quality at the point of supply. Potential for contaminants in the waste to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate.	Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure). Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate to the air, surface water or groundwater. Assessment of the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate.
E. Post restoration period After capping and restoration of the site	Pipe intact	Physical/structural safety concerns: Instability/reduction in strength of the supporting ground. Slip in the above ground restored site slope.	Potential to destabilise/damage the pipes. Increased risk of pipe failure. Reduced life of the pipeline.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	nsequences will be considere	d with respect to one pipe and to both pipes a	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
		Presence of water in the bedding surrounding the pipeline causing corrosion. Erosion as a result of water runoff from the restored landfill areas.	Postriction on physical space (as a result of the
		Ease of access to carry out repair.	restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner. The landfill might affect the topographical falls around the pipeline therefore resulting in a decrease in surface water runoff across the pipeline and flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.
		Contamination concerns: Migration of contaminants from the waste into the water in the pipe. Migration of contaminants from the waste into the pipe bedding and onward migration to groundwater or surface water.	Assess the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate, LLW potential to irradiate the water in the pipes.
	Failed pipe – assume catastrophic failure.	Physical/structural safety concerns: Crater formed.	What would the crater size be? Potential for damage to the capped and restored slope or lined perimeter as a result of the crater. Potential for damage to the capped and restored slope or lined perimeter as a result of the water runoff from the pipe. Potential for water from the pipe to enter the waste and generate excess leachate. Flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair. Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill areas) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner.
		<i>Access needs:</i> Ease of access to carry out repair.	Flooding restricting access to the area to carry out repair.

Development stage	Status of the water pipe(s)*	Scenario to be assessed	Potential consequences to be assessed
*The risks and co	onsequences will be considere	ed with respect to one pipe and to both pipes	at the same time where this affects the consequences.
			Restriction on physical space (as a result of the presence of the landfill areas) to carry out the pipe repair in a timely manner.
		Contamination concerns: Effect on water quality at the point of supply. Potential for contaminants in the waste to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate.	Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to enter the pipe (this would be during repair works as there would be no flow following pipe failure). Potential for contaminants from the waste or leachate to escape as a result of the damaged containment and migrate to the air, surface water or groundwater. Assessment of the risks from contaminants to include gas/vapour, waste particles washed off the deposited waste mass, chemical and radioactive contaminants in leachate.

ENRMF DCO Application Anglian Water Pipelines. Table 2 Proposals to address the key risk scenarios

Introduction

The purpose of this table is to identify the main work areas and information needed to progress assessment of the key risk scenarios identified in Table 1.

Relevant	Management controls	Proposed assessments	Information required
stage of			Each item is only identified once
development			
(See Table 1)			
1. Pipe Inta	act: Access for maintenance and repairs		
All stages	Distance of standoff of landfill operations and any	Review of operational	Confirmation of Anglian
	ground structures such as hedges and fences.	requirements for Anglian.	requirements.
	Limitations of any restoration soil depth and/or	Obtain advice from a specialist	As built information regarding
	gradient placement in the standoff area.	pipeline engineer in relation to the likely access requirement	the pipelines.
	It is considered that the provision of laydown areas	needed to facility a pipeline	
	does not need to be accommodated within the	repair or replacement.	
	standoff area as an agricultural field with an access		
	track is available at the eastern end of the area.		
2. Pipe Inta	act: Impact on structural integrity of the pipes as a re	esult of excavation and filling	
Stages B, C, D	Proposed: Distance of standoff of the excavation that	Geotechnical risk assessments	Tolerances for movements and
	does not result in significant movement of the	have been undertaken to verify	strains of the pipeline including
	pipeline due to changes in the stresses on the	the stability of the excavated	in particular at the location of the
	ground surrounding the pipeline during to excavation	and lined slopes prior to, during	pipeline bends and the ground
	and filling of the landfill phases.	and following landfill cell	stresses that need to be
		construction and filling.	maintained at the bends.
	Excavated slopes are designed to a factor of safety		
	of 1.4. The slopes do not stand open for long as they	Further assessment will be	Augean has extensive
	are lined with clay and geosynthetic materials before	undertaken, in consultation with	information and experience of
	being backfilled soon after construction. The	a specialist pipeline engineer, to	the geotechnical properties of

	 excavated slopes have factors of safety of 1.4 while they are open and increase rapidly as they are lined and then filled, becoming fully supported and therefore unable to fail once waste reaches ground level. During the slope excavation and lining there is full time supervision on site of the works by independent quality assurance engineers. During the filling and restoring of the slopes the stability and integrity of the slopes and lining system are monitored by Augean in accordance with the site operational procedures and environmental permit requirements. 	verify that standoffs from the pipeline and pipeline joints and bends will be sufficient to prevent changes to the current stress conditions of the ground surrounding the pipeline during to excavation and filling of the landfill phases Assessment of swelling and shrinkage potential of the in situ clays surrounding the pipeline and whether this potential is likely to change due the proximity of the landfill site.	the clay material around and under the pipelines so it is not anticipated that further site investigation will be needed. Depending on the sensitivity of the outcome based on the short and long tern (total and effective stress) shear strength data that is available already for the in situ geology at the site and the possible need for additional parameter information, it may be necessary to obtain more data close to the pipelines
	<u>Additional:</u> No additional controls are considered necessary.		
3. Pipe Inta	act: Contaminant migration from the landfill below g	round to the pipeline surrounds	
Stages C, D, E	 <u>Proposed:</u> Landfill engineering prevents the migration of contaminants beyond the site (1m clay at 1x10⁻⁹m/s permeability and 2mm HDPE 1x10⁻¹⁴m/s). The landfill and the pipeline are situated within in-situ clay with a vertical permeability of 1.9 x 10⁻¹⁰m/s to 8.4 x 10⁻¹²m/s with a geometric mean of 2.6 x 10⁻¹¹m/s (based on 5 samples of glacial till from the site). Leachate levels are maintained no greater than 1m above the base of the site which is at least 7m below the pipelines. Groundwater is at least 8m below the base of the site in the vicinity of the pipelines. As the wastes deposited in the landfill will have limited gas generating potential the generation of gases or vapours under pressure at the site is not 	There is no identified below ground pathway for the contaminants to migrate to the pipelines as solid, soluble or gaseous contaminants. Gamma radiation from LLW is attenuated through the landfill cell walls and the clay and soil. Accordingly gamma radiation from the LLW will not affect the properties of the water in the pipelines. This specific assessment will be presented in the ESC which is under preparation. The relevant	It is considered that no additional information is necessary

	anticipated. Gas concentrations and pressures are monitored under the Environmental Permit. If active extraction and management becomes necessary it will be implemented in accordance with the Environmental Permit.	sections of the ESC will be provided to Anglian Water for confirmation.	
	necessary.		
4. Pipe Inta	act: Contaminant run-off to the pipeline surrounds		
Stages C, D	 <u>Proposed:</u> During stage C the waste is below ground level. During Stage D the edge of the waste is maintained at 1m below the top of the landfill liner. Run-off from the landfilled waste drains back into the landfill. A geocomposite drainage layer (geotextile with a drainage core) will be installed to provide a leachate drainage blanket up the inner side slopes of the engineered liner. Additional: No additional controls are considered 	There is no identified pathway for the contaminants to migrate to the pipelines	It is considered that no additional information is necessary
	necessary.		
5. Pipe Inta	act: Surface water run off causing increased inundat	ion around pipelines	
Stage E	 <u>Proposed:</u> Interception ditches will be installed along the edge of the landfills diverting water away from the pipelines. Storm attenuation areas are for short term storage after storm events and should not result in additional water inundation around the pipelines 	Assess the drainage efficacy to manage the potential run off and compare with pre-development drainage characteristics	It is considered that no additional information is necessary
	<u>Additional:</u> Water levels in the bedding around the pipelines could be monitored routinely before and after operations to determine if there is a significant change.		

	Storm attenuation areas could be lined with clay if monitoring indicates water is draining towards the		
C Dina Cai	pipelines	a the integrity of the lendfill	
6. Pipe Fai	led: Catastrophic failure resulting in a crater affectin	Ig the integrity of the landfill	Identify methodology for
Slages C, D, E	Proposed. The landing will be constructed beyond the	specialist pipeline engineer the	prediction of the crotor and
		notential size of the crater or	calculate the size
	Additional: No additional controls are considered	erosion zone due to high	
	necessary	pressure release	Confirm the nature of potential
			failures.
			Confirm the pipeline pressure of
			8bar.
7. Pipe Fai	led: Failure resulting in water discharge to the landf	illed waste	
Stages C, D	Proposed: The landfill would accommodate the	Calculation of the volume of	Confirm the rate of flow from the
	water and would have to be removed as leachate.	water that would be discharged	pipeline and the length of time
		to the landfill.	until the pipeline is isolated.
	Additional: Construct bunds along the edge of the		
	void during the operational period to divert water	If bunds are constructed it will	
	away from the waste.	the water will discharge to	
	Consider the installation of leak detection systems to		
	provide early warning of leaks so that repairs can be		
	carried out well before any approach to catastrophic		
	failure.		
8. Pipe Fai	led: Failure resulting in water inundation along the p	bipeline area preventing access	
Stages C, D, E	Falls are generally along the line of the pipeline and	Review and confirm drainage	No additional information
	fall to the north west for the majority of the pipeline	patterns around the pipeline for	needed
	area, with the south eastern third falling to the south	the current site, during the site	
	east. Water is unlikely to pond in the area of the	works and following site	
	pipeline.	restoration.	
9 Pine Fai	led: Risk of contamination of surrounding ground w	I enter the water supply	
Stages C. D. F.	As a result of the measures that will be implemented	A non-technical summary risk	No additional information
	to minimise the risks addressed above there is no	assessment will be prepared	needed

risk that contaminants will enter the pipeline during pipeline repairs as the ground around the pipeline will not contain contaminants from the landfill. Notwithstanding this, there is the potential for public perception that this remains as a risk. In order to gain and maintain public trust and confidence it is important that information and risk assessment is based on factual and evidenced information and scenarios.	identifying and summarising why there is no risk of contamination of water supplies under all of the scenarios considered.	
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Proposed New draft Requirement:

[]. (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) and (3), no part of phases [18], [19] and [20] of the authorised development, as shown on Figure ES5.1 'current and proposed landfill phases', can commence until the stand offs from the water pipes have been agreed in writing by the relevant planning authority in consultation with Anglian Water acting reasonably.

(2) the stand offs as approved in sub-paragraph (1) must remain between 7 and [X] metres either side of the water pipes.

(3) in default of agreement regarding the stand offs from water pipes in sub-paragraph (1) between the undertaker, relevant local planning authority and Anglian Water, such stand offs shall be settled by arbitration in accordance with article 20 (arbitration).

New definitions:

"water pipes" means apparatus within the Order limits owned and operated by Anglian Water as identified by a blue dashed line on Figure ES5.1 'current and proposed landfill phases';

"Anglian Water" means AWG Group Limited (company number 02366618), whose registered office is at Lancaster House Lancaster Way, Ermine Business Park, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6XU [AW to confirm]

Gene Wilson < >
09 May 2022 12:50
Mark Froggatt
Claire Trolove; Leslie Heasman
RE: Meeting

Hi Mark

Further to our conversation a few minutes ago I confirm an online meeting at 5.00 today to discuss the risk assessment scoping sent to you on 29th of April. I shall send the invite shortly. I shall be accompanied by Leslie Heasman from MJCA who is managing the EIA work.

I look forward to our discussion later. Best regards Gene

Gene Wilson Director of Environmental Planning

Augean

East Northants Resource Management Facility Stamford Road Kings Cliffe PE8 6XX



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Gene, I'm happy to meet and discuss, do you have any particular time and date? I'm local to some degree so if you need this at end of day etc please let me know given time constraints. Please feel free to give me a call and we'll agree a time Best regards Mark



Mark Froggatt Chief Engineer AWS Head of Solutions @one Alliance Mobile – PA – Karen Charman Mobile – Anglian Water Services Limited

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From:Mailbox IncomingSubject:FW: ENRMF - Anglian water pipelines - X SectionAttachments:aukcw23129.pdf

From: Gene Wilson
Sent: 10 May 2022 07:38
To: 'mFroggatt
Subject: ENRMF - Anglian water pipelines - X Section

Hi Mark

Thank you for the constructive meeting last night.

As promised, please find attached a copy of the plan and cross section of the landfill development either side of the pipelines.

We look forward to receiving the information requested. Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Best regards Gene



Key / Notes										
	Proposed western extension to the ENRMF hazardous waste landfill Environmental Permit		Bottom of Bank							
			Bottom of Ditch		Rev	Status	Dm	App	Chk	Date
	Approximate phase boundary in the Western Extension		Change of Surface		Site E N	Site EAST NORTHANTS RESOURCE MANAGEMENT FACILITY				
	Cross section location		Gas pipeline		Client					
	Water main taken from Service information from drawing number 2603.SWM.02C dated 24 September 2007 provided by Egniol Limited		Top of Bank		Title Cross section showing the proposed workings					kings
			Top of Ditch	Notes:	ines in the Western Fields					
			Contours (mAOD)	Drawing based on LSS models references AU-KCW-15872.LSS.		Figure 1	Scale As	showr	n@A3	}
	Approximate location of the gas pipeline extrapolated from the topographical survey information			MARCH21_ENRMF_FINAL RESTORATION	Drawing Ref AU/KCW/05-22/23129					
				Landscape Consultancy on 1 March 2021, AU-US-16318.LSS, AU-KCW-15984.LSS, AU-KCW-15987.LSS and AU-KCW-15990.LSS.	Techn		Bao Ma Wa Tel ues Fao	ddesley C in Road, E rwickshire ephone : c : 01827 1	olliery O Baxterley e, CV9 2 01827 7 718507	fices, , Atherstone, LE. 17891