

Application by Equinor New Energy Limited for an Order Granting Development Consent for the Sheringham Shoal Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project and Dudgeon Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project The Examining Authority's third written questions and requests for information (WQ3) Published on Friday 26 May 2023

This document sets out the Examining Authority's (ExA) Third Written Questions and requests for information (WQ3), in order to facilitate the conduct of the Examination. Responses are due by **Deadline 5, Tuesday 13 June 2023**.

Questions are set out using an issues-based framework derived from the Initial Assessment of Principal Issues in the Rule 6 letter, Annex C [PD-006]. The questions relate to issues as they have arisen during the Examination through the review of application material, written submissions, site inspections and Hearings.

Column 1 sets out the unique reference number to each question which starts with 'Q3' (indicating that it is from WQ3), followed by an issue number, a sub-heading number and a question number. When you are answering a question, please start your answer by quoting the unique reference number.

Column 2 of the table indicates which Interested Parties (IPs) and other persons each question is directed to. Please provide a substantive response to the questions directed at you, or indicate why the question is not relevant to you. You may also respond to questions that are not directed at you, should the question be relevant to your interests.

If you are responding to a small number of questions, answers in a letter will suffice. If you are answering a larger number of questions, it will assist the ExA if you use a table based on this one to set out your responses. An editable version of this table in Microsoft Word is available on request from the case team: please contact sadep@planninginspectorate.gov.uk and include 'Sheringham Shoal and Dudgeon Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project' in the subject line of your email.

Responses are due by Deadline 5, Tuesday 13 June 2023.



List of abbreviations

AEoI	Adverse Effect in Integrity	dDML	Draft Deemed Marine License
ALARP	As Low As Reasonably Possible	dDCO	Draft Development Consent Order
ALO	Agricultural Liaison Officer	DEP	Dudgeon Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project
AONB	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty	DEL	Dudgeon Extension Limited
AP	Affected Persons	DEP-N	Dudgeon Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project
ATCSMAC	Air Traffic Control Surveillance Minimum Altitude Chart	DEP-S	North Dudgeon Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project South
BNG	Biodiversity Net Gain	DIO	Defence Infrastructure Organisation
BoR	Book of Reference	DOW	Dudgeon Offshore Wind Farm
BDC	Broadland District Council	EIFCA	•
CA	Compulsory Acquisition	EIFCA	Eastern Inshore Fisheries and Conservation Authority
CA	Planning Act 2008: guidance related to procedures	EA	Environment Agency
Guidance	for the compulsory acquisition of land	EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
CA Regulations	The Infrastructure Planning (Compulsory Acquisition) Regulations 2010	EM	Explanatory Memorandum
CAA	Civil Aviation Authority	ES	Environmental Statement
CCR2C	Noise Receptor CCR2	ExA	Examining Authority
CIL	Community Infrastructure Levy	FRA	Flood Risk Assessment
CNMP	Construction Noise Management Plan	HDD	Horizontal Directional Drilling
dB	Decibel	HE	Historic England

The Planning Inspectorate

HRA	Habitats Regulation Assessment	NCC	Norfolk County Council
HPAI	Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenze	NE	Natural England
IP	Interested Parties	NFU	National Farmers Union
IMC	Instrument Meteorological Conditions	NG	National Grid
ISH	Issue Specific Hearing	NH	National Highways
km	Kilometre	NNDC	North Norfolk District Council
LA	Local Authority	NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework
LHA	Local Highway Authority	NPS	National Policy Statement
LIG	Land Interest Group	NPS EN	National Policy Statement Energy Suite
LIR	Local Impact Report	NRA	Navigational Risk Assessment
LLFA	Lead Local Flood Authority	NSIP	Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project
LSIP	Local Skills Improvement Plan	NT	National Trust
LVIA	Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment	OCIMP	Outline Compensation and Implementation Monitoring Plan
m	Metre	ОСоСР	Outline Code of Construction Practice
MCA	Maritime Coastguard Agency		
MCZ	Marine Conservation Zone	ОСТМР	Outline Construction Traffic Management Plan
MEEB	Measures of Equivalent Environmental Benefit	OFH	Open Floor Hearing
МММР	Marine Mammal Mitigation Protocol	OLMP	Outline Landscape Management Plan
	•	OODS	Outline Onshore Drainage Strategy
ММО	Marine Management Organisation	ОРЕМР	Outline Project Environmental Management Plan
MoD	Ministry of Defence	OPIMP	Offshore In-Principle Monitoring Plan

OSEP	Outline Skills and Employment Plan	SIP	Site Integrity Plan
OWF	Offshore Windfarm	SLVIA	Seascape and Landscape Visual Impact Assessment
PA2008	The Planning Act 2008	5055	
PC	Parish Council	SOCG	Statement of Common Ground
Project	Project webpage of the National Infrastructure	SoS	Secretary of State
webpage	Planning website	sow	Sheringham Offshore Windfarm
PTS	Permanent Threshold Shift	SNCB	Statutory Nature Conservation Bodies
R	Requirement in the dDCO	SNDC	South Norfolk District Council
RAF	Royal Air Force	SPA	Special Protection Area
RIAA	Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment	SSSI	Site of Special Scientific Interest
RR	Relevant Representation	TA	Transport Assessment
RSPB	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds	TP	Temporary Possession
RTD	Red-Throated Diver	TTS	Temporary Threshold Shift
S	Section of Parliamentary Legislation	USI	Unaccompanied Site Inspection
SAC	Special Area of Conservation	UXO	Unexploded Ordnance
SEP	Sheringham Shoal Offshore Wind Farm Extension Project	VMC	Visual Meteorological Conditions

Examination Library

References in these questions set out in square brackets (eg [APP-010]) are to documents catalogued in the <u>Examination Library</u>. The Examination Library will be updated regularly as the Examination progresses.

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Q3.1.	General and Cross-topic Questions		
Q3.1.1	Planning Policy		
Q3.1.1.1	''	Marine Plan Policy Review	
	Marine Management Organisation	In the SoCG with the MMO [EL ref], the ExA notes an entry stating that a more in-depth review of marine planning policy may be undertaken.	
		a) Provide further information on the review and anticipated timescales.	
		b) What, if any, would be the implications for this application, and this Examination?	
Q3.1.2	Planning Permissions		
		No further questions in this section at this stage.	
Q3.1.3	Legislative Framework		
		No further questions in this section at this stage.	
Q3.1.4	Miscellaneous		
Q3.1.4.1		No further questions in this section at this stage.	

Q3.2.	Alter	natives and need		
Q3.2.1	Selec	Selection of Landfall Site		
			No further questions under this topic at this stage.	
Q3.2.2	Selec	ction of Substation Site		
			No further questions under this topic at this stage.	
Q3.2.3	Viability of the grid connection and progress with other licences			
			No further questions under this topic at this stage.	
Q3.2.4	The Need for this type of Energy Infrastructure, and specifically for the Proposed Development			
			No further questions under this topic at this stage.	

Q3.3. Benth	3. Benthic ecology, Intertidal, Subtidal and Coastal effects				
Q3.3.1 Effect	Q3.3.1 Effects on Marine Life and Benthic Habitats				
Q3.3.1.1	Applicant	Response to NE Issue and Risk Log The NE issue and risk log [REP3-146] indicates that there are many points relating to coastal and physical processes, the MCZ and Benthic Ecology that Natural England still has concerns about, identified as red and amber in the log. Applicant, respond specifically to each of the issues where disagreement remains in Tab E – Marine and Coastal Processes, Tab F – All Other Marine Matters (where it relates to Benthic Ecology) and Tab G – Cromer MCZ. The ExA is seeking a clear response to all points.			
Q3.3.1.2	Marine Management Organisation	Noise – Fish and Shellfish Is there any concern with regards fish and shellfish receptors.			
Q3.3.1.3	Marine Management Organisation Natural England	Electro-Magnetic Fields If cables were to be buried, but not at a depth of 1.5m and with no cable protection used, would there be an adverse impact from electro-magnetic fields on fish, shellfish or other forms of benthic ecology?			
Q3.3.1.4	Applicant	Unexploded Ordnance Provide further information relating to the potential crater depth and width from detonated UXO on the seabed and whether it is possible to avoid detonation near to sensitive habitats.			
Q3.3.1.5	Natural England	Timing for required Benthic Mitigation Plan/Scheme			
	Applicant	ExA is not convinced that the assessment of the ES on matters of benthic ecology and mitigation measures can be relied upon without an outline Benthic Mitigation Plan or Scheme.			
		a) Applicant, provide an outline Benthic Mitigation Plan or Scheme setting out what the Applicant could commit to in relation to benthic mitigation and also what other forms of mitigation would likely be, or could be included, subject to pre-commencement surveys for example. If not, please provide further justification why this cannot be done at this Examination stage.			

		b) What is NE's view of the Applicant's response [REP3-107] that there would not be any value to an outline Benthic Mitigation Plan/Scheme until post-consent precommencement surveys and detailed design has been undertaken?
Q3.3.1.6	Applicant	Securing mitigation For clarity, indicate and explain how all the embedded and additional mitigation listed in Tables 8-3 and 8-4 in the ES [APP-094] would be secured through either Requirements or Conditions of the dDCO or dDML?
Q3.3.2 Im	pact on subtidal chalk t	features
Q3.3.2.1	Applicant	Cable installation in sediment veneer above chalk
		With regard to the potential impact of cable installation to chalk and in response to NE comments [REP3-147, response to question Q2.3.2.2]:
		Could cables be installed within sediment veneer without impacting sub-cropping chalk?
		If so, would this mean a likely requirement for cable protection in such sections?
Q3.3.2.2	Natural England	HDD Exit Point - Chalk Impact
		The Applicant has stated [REP3-107] that the HDD exit point will be located in the deep infilled channel cut through the chalk to 17m below seabed level and filled with Weybourne Channel deposits. On this basis, is NE satisfied that the exit point would not adversely impact sub-cropping or out-cropping chalk?
Q3.3.2.3	Applicant	Management Plan for addressing exposed chalk
		 a) Condition 13(c)(i) of the DMLs Revision G [REP4-003] includes a condition that there should be monitoring of cables. However, provide more information in the form of an outline Management Plan for the scenario where a cable has become exposed in the post-construction stage and how this would be addressed. b) Provide detail as to how such a Management Plan would be secured?
Q3.3.3 Ph	ysical Processes, Coast	al erosion effects and coastal processes
Q3.3.3.1	Natural England	Sediments at HDD offshore exit points
		The Applicant states that since the excavated sediments at the HDD exit points would be backfilled into the same location that they were removed from, the excavated sediments are likely to be relatively homogenous. Furthermore, the Applicant considers that the

		cohesive nature of the sediment at the exit point means that when it is sidecast it will be in the form of aggregated clasts that will remain on the seabed rather than being disaggregated into individual fine sediment components [REP3-107]. Does NE agree with this assessment, and expand on your answer?
Q3.3.3.2	Natural England	Secondary Scour
		The Applicant [REP3-107] has considered that for secondary scour, the limited geographical extent means that the potential impact would be anticipated to be nugatory. Does NE agree with this, or would a full assessment of secondary scour be necessary for this Examination?
Q3.3.3.3	Marine Management	Coastal Erosion Impacts
	Organisation Natural England	Is the point where the HDD exit is proposed at landside set sufficiently far back from the coast to ensure against impact from coastal erosion for the lifetime of the development?
Q3.3.4 Eff	ects on the Marine Conse	rvation Zone
Q3.3.4.1	Natural England	When the MEEB is required
		NE has advised that the MEEB would be required if there was an adverse impact to sub- cropping chalk or in a circumstance where cable protection is used within the MCZ [REP3- 147, Page 4].
		a) Applicant and NE, provide a threshold or a set of assessment criteria to determine when a MEEB is required that can be set out for Examination?
		b) For instance, would the criteria to determine if a MEEB required relate to a construction method, the use and extent of cable protection, what the effects would be on sub-cropping chalk, or a mix of these different aspects.
Q3.3.4.2	Applicant	Success thresholds for the MEEB
	Natural England	The Applicant has stated that the success metrics of the MEEB would be developed post-consent [REP3-101]. NE has advised that a fully functioning oyster bed would be required for compensation as a MEEB [REP3-147]. This does not provide satisfactory clarity for the ExA is relation to this matter.
		 a) Applicant, provide some detailed information as to how a successful oyster bed as a MEEB would be determined, for instance.

		b) Applicant, does this mean that the oyster bed would have to be approximately 100% successful or could a partial success be also considered a sufficient MEEB?
		For NE only:
		a) When should such an assessment be made and who should need to agree the outcome of such an assessment?
		b) How should such circumstances be suitably considered and at what part of the process?
		c) Would the contents of Schedule 17, Part 4 of the Proposed Without Prejudice DCO Drafting (Revision B) [REP2-011] sufficiently and suitably secure the MEEB process in your view?
Q3.3.4.3	Applicant	When a decision on a MEEB is required
	Natural England	At what point is there to be a decision on whether a MEEB is required – would this depend on the information provided by pre-commencement surveys, for example, which would be post-consent, or would the decision need to be pre-decision?
Q3.3.4.4	Applicant	Cable protection in mixed sediment areas
		NE states [REP3-147, Q2.3.4.1] that there is a high likelihood of cable protection within mixed sediment areas. If cables being run through mixed sediment areas cannot be avoided, does this also mean there is a high likelihood of cable protection being used through such areas?
Q3.3.4.5	Natural England	Jack-Up Vessel use in MCZ
	Marine Management Organisation	The Applicant has explained [REP3-107] that the use of a jack-up vessel would only be required at the HDD exit pit for construction. The Applicant has also stated that due to the position of the exit-pits there would be no impact to sub-cropping chalk. NE, respond to these points with an assessment of the potential impacts from this jack-up vessel in this approximate location.

Q3.4.	Civil and Military Aviation	
Q3.4.1	Effects on Radar and Defence	e Interests and Proposed Mitigation
Q3.4.1.1	Applicant Norwich Airport Civil Aviation Authority National Air Traffic Services	Altitude Minima It is understood that the ATCSMAC minima could have to be raised due to the possible height of the proposed turbines, with possible further sectorisation of the ATCSMAC quadrants also [REP3-118]. What would be the process for these changes and also what are realistic timeframes for these actions?
Q3.4.1.2	Applicant National Air Traffic Services	Mitigation with National Air Traffic Services Provide an update with specific timetable, setting out next steps and dates towards agreement within this Examination on the necessary mitigation required relating to effects of the Proposed Development on radar and progress towards a mitigation plan.
Q3.4.1.3	Applicant Ministry of Defence/ Defence Infrastructure Organisation	Defence radar mitigation progress Provide an update with specific timetable, setting out next steps and dates towards agreement within this Examination of the continued work between the DIO and Applicant towards an agreement on a mitigation plan, with an update on progress provided to ExA.

Q3.5.	Cons	truction Effects Offshore	e
Q3.5.1	Deve	elopment Scenarios and	Rochdale Envelope
Q3.5.1.1		Applicant	DEP-N alone
			In responding to NE [REP4-049, Annex 2, Q2.5.1.4], set out:
			a) whether the Digital Area Survey undertaken was accurate and appropriate for the Proposed Development;
			b) whether the ES is adequate in assessing the worst-case scenario predicted by Natural England with regards collision risk mortality; and
			c) having regard to the Norfolk Vanguard decision cited, whether a commitment to limit turbines in the discrete DEP-N area could be written into Schedule 1 of the dDCO.

Q3.6.	Const	nstruction Effects Onshore	
Q3.6.1	Devel	opment Scenarios	
Q3.6.1.1		Applicant	Traffic and Transport Assumptions for Development Scenarios The ExA remains unconvinced with the Applicant's response [REP3-101, Q2.6.1.3] that the forecast trip generation figures assessed in the ES [APP-110] and as derived from Annex 9 and Annex 10 of the TA [APP-269] consider a scenario where there is an overlap of construction of SEP and DEP being built in isolation. Applicant, using the trip generation figures in the TA [APP-268] and its annexes fully explain how such a scenario has been taken into account in the figures and assessed in the ES. See related question in ExA's proposed changes to dDCO.
Q3.6.2	Appro	ach to Construction, Co	ompounds, Programme, Timing and Methods
Q3.6.2.1		National Farmers Union	Link Boxes The Applicant has provided additional link box design information [REP3-101, Q2.6.2.5] [REP3-102, Appendix A.5]. Does this information address the NFU's concern?
Q3.6.2.2		Applicant	Weybourne Woods Provide an update on discussions and whether any further information has now been received [REP3-101, Q2.6.2.6]?
Q3.6.3	Baseli	ne survey and effects o	of Unexploded Ordinance
			No further questions in this section at this stage.
Q3.6.4	Effect	s of construction works	on human health
Q3.6.4.1		Applicant	Government's Green Book Corpusty and Saxthorpe PC has raised further concerns [REP4-057] that the proposed development has not complied with the method of assessment for such studies required by the UK Government's Green Book. Whilst noting the Applicant's view on the Green Book [REP4-040], provide further evidence to support your view that an appropriate tool for use in EIA is not available/ suitable.

Q3.6.4.2	Corpusty and Saxthorpe Parish Council	 Meeting Notes Provide a copy of the meetings referred to by Corpusty and Saxthorpe PC: a) NCC Public Health and SEP and DEP: Hearing 3 - Item 3 (iii) - Health, Date 26 April 2023, Time 1400-1500 attended by Jane Locke [JL] (NCC Public Health), Stephen Faulkner [SF] (NCC), Daniel Richards [DR] (Equinor), Ben Cave [BC] (Ben Cave Associates Ltd) b) NCC Planning and Highways Delegations Committee 22 October 2022. 	
Q3.6.5 Effect	5.5 Effects from emissions on air quality		
		No further questions in this section at this stage.	
Q3.6.6 Adeq	6.6 Adequacy of the Outline Code of Construction Practice		
		No further questions in this section at this stage.	
Q3.6.7 Wast	e Management		
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	

Q3.7.	Commercial Fisheries and Fishing		
Q3.7.1	Effects on Fishing Stocks		
Q3.7.1.1	Eastern Inshore Fisheries Conservation Authority	Benefits to fish stock Provide further information on whether the potential for fishing restrictions, due to construction of the Proposed Development, may result in any benefits to fish stock.	
Q3.7.2	Effects on fishing enterprise	es as a result of navigational or special restrictions	
Q3.7.2.1	Jonas Seafoods	Jonas Seafood compensation and impacts The Applicant has stated [REP3-101]: "Additional information from Jonas Seafood states the crab caught from ICES Division IVb where the minimum catch size is lower is important to Jonas seafood who have built their processing methods and market on the reliable supply of this crab. But it must be noted that SEP & DEP and the cable routes are located within ICES Division IVc." Respond to this point and highlight any part of this which you would dispute or needs further clarification.	
Q3.7.2.2	Applicant	Weybourne consultation As raised with the draft SoCG with the EIFCA [REP3-117], what impacts would the restrictions to fishing through the construction process have on fishing vessels based on Weybourne and has there been consultation with fishing associations or communities based in Weybourne?	
Q3.7.2.3	Applicant	Fishing related conditions and requirements How would the potential justified disturbance payments to UK potters, as set out in the ES [APP-098] as a form of additional mitigation, be secured?	

Q3.8. Co	mpulsory Acquisition	and Temporary Possession			
Q3.8.1 Up	Q3.8.1 Updates on Negotiations and Funding Statement				
		No further questions in this section as this stage.			
Q3.8.2 Aff	fected Persons' Site-s	pecific Issues			
Q3.8.2.1	Applicant	Relevance of the decision on Compulsory Purchase Order 2021 Discuss in detail the relevance of the decision on the London Borough of Barking and Dagenham Council (Vicarage Field and surrounding land) Compulsory Purchase Order 2021 (Case Ref: APP/PCU/CPOP/Z5060/3278231) [REP4-040].			
Q3.8.2.2	Applicant	Blights for landowners affected by Temporary Possession In light of the submission from Mr Clive Hay-Smith, Mr Paul Middleton and Priory Holdings [REP4-056], the ExA is seeking further justification. Provide detailed response to all points, especially covering the following: a) The applicability of the Notice to Treat for up to three years for the CA and TP of land under this Order (if the Order was made); and b) How effect on business and the concern relating to blight would be considered and compensated for in the sequential construction scenario. c) Explain with reference to relevant drafting in the dDCO, particularly Article 26(3) and Article 27(4), how have you provided that TP would be temporary. See related question in the ExA's proposed changes to the dDCO.			
Q3.8.3 Sp	ecial Land				
Q3.8.3.1	Applicant	Public Open Space Update the progress of negotiations with parties affected by the inclusion of public open space within the Order limits, and a timetable identifying key milestones towards reaching agreement in relation to the Examination timetable.			
Q3.8.3.2	Applicant National Trust	NT Land			

		Provide an update on progress with negotiations and highlight any particular issues which may be an impediment to reaching a voluntary agreement before the close of the Examination.
Q3.8.3.3	Applicant	Crown Land
		Update progress with negotiations, supported with evidence where possible.
Q3.8.3.4	Applicant	Statutory Undertaker Land
		The ExA has seen the Current Status of Statutory Undertaker Negotiations [REP3-083], and requests an update at Deadline 5, to include future timescales where necessary and any particular issues that may impede progress with a Statutory Undertaker.
Q3.8.4 App	olicant's Strategic Case fo	or CA and TP
Q3.8.4.1	Applicant	Purpose for which the land is required
		Awaiting the update referred to in your previous submission [REP3-101].
Q3.8.5 Gen	eral	
Q3.8.5.1	Applicant	Book of Reference Schedule of Changes
		a) Provide a Schedule of Changes to the BoR, detailing all changes to this document made since Acceptance. An updated version of this document should accompany all new versions of BoR submitted.
		b) Where a change of ownership or new interest in the relevant land is identified, have you made the relevant person or organisation aware that they can make a request to the ExA to become an IP under s102A of PA2008 and that this can be done by completing the relevant s102A form on the project webpage? Provide a list.

Q3.9.	Cumulative Effects		
Q3.9.1	Scope and Extent		
			No further questions in this section as this stage.

Q3.10. I	Design			
Q3.10.1 I	Q3.10.1 Design Principles			
		See related question in ExA's proposed changes to dDCO.		
Q3.10.2 I	Q3.10.2 Design Development Process			
		See related question in ExA's proposed changes to dDCO.		

Q3.11.	Draft Development Consent Order		
Q3.11.1	.1 General		
		See questions in ExA's proposed changes to dDCO.	

Q3.12. Habi	Q3.12. Habitats and Ecology Offshore			
Q3.12.1 Effec	Q3.12.1 Effects on Ornithology			
Q3.12.1.1	Applicant	Requirements or Obligations		
	Natural England	Paragraph 5.3.17 of NPS EN-1 states that the ExA should ensure that species and habitats are protected from the adverse effects of development by using requirements or planning obligations.		
		a) Applicant, justify why, in this instance, it is felt that the Requirements suffice and there is not any need for obligations.		
		b) Natural England, do you consider there to be any reason or justification for obligations to be sought in this instance, given the Applicant's approach to mitigation (EIA Scale) at this stage?		
Q3.12.1.2	Natural England	Enhancement of Habitats		
	Applicant	The Applicant states that embedded mitigation seeks to reduce effects for certain ornithology species (great black-backed gulls for example) and that, no further mitigation is proposed in the ES [APP-097]. However, bullet 4 within Paragraph 5.3.18 of NPS EN-1 states that opportunities will be taken to enhance existing habitats or to create new habitats of value within the site landscaping proposals. Can the Applicant explain why, with reference to the landfall location in particular, opportunities to create new habitats supportive of offshore ornithology species have not/ cannot be taken?		
Q3.12.1.3	Applicant	Future Monitoring		
	Natural England	It is noted from NE's D3 response that there is concern the Requirements in the dDCO specify that monitoring should be undertaken, but that no subsequent remedial action is secured if the effects are worser than those originally predicted [REP3-146, points A13 and A19]. The ExA observes that paragraph 2.6.71 of NPS EN-3 states monitoring can identify the actual impact so that, where appropriate, adverse effects can then be mitigated.		
		a) NE, expand on what is expected, in terms of wording, within a dDCO that would secure appropriate remedial actions should monitoring highlight a need for it. Also confirm if such wording has been applied in other DCOs (examples required).		

		b) Applicant, explain if any triggers are being considered for responsive or remedial action as a result of the proposed monitoring, and where such information can be found/ secured? If it is not being considered, why not?
Q3.12.1.4	Applicant	Outstanding information NE [REP4-049, Q2.12.1.1, Annex 2] suggests that further information is awaited. If not already provided (signpost if so), provide this information with any explanation necessary.
Q3.12.2 Eff	ects on Aquatic Wildlife	including Mammals, Fish and Shellfish
Q3.12.2.1	Marine Management Organisation	Scientific Advisors Are there any comments from your advisors, CEFAS, that remain outstanding and may be of a material consequence for the Examination?
Q3.12.2.2	Marine Management Organisation	PTS and TTS The Applicant has responded to your concerns regarding the screening out/ in of these effects [REP4-037, ID5] including citation of a number of recent DCOs that share a similar approach being used in the assessments for the Proposed Development. In light of this response, are you content with the approach to PTS and TTS? Explain with reasons.
Q3.12.2.3	Natural England Marine Management Organisation	Outline Documents In relation to the OPEMP [REP3-060], OPIMP [REP4-015] and Outline Offshore Operations and Maintenance Plan [APP-296], confirm whether each document is fit for purpose and, if amendments or additions need to be made, bullet-list these for clarity as to what you expect and why.
Q3.12.2.4	Applicant Natural England Marine Management Organisation	Site Integrity Plans At present, the MMO has expressed that the SIP is acceptable as drafted, would serve its purpose and could be enforced [REP3-133]. Meanwhile NE has said there is no confidence in the SIP process because SIP(s) have limited measures to mitigate the exceedance of seasonal threshold [REP3-146, point D18 and REP3-147 Q2.12.2.1]. The Applicant maintains that the SIP is the established mechanism to regulate and control underwater noise impacts. In this regard: Applicant:

		a) NE has suggested [REP3-147, Q2.14.1.20] that all mitigation should be set out now, and the SIP is used to discount mitigation that no longer applies at the time the development is commenced. Do you think there is merit in this approach?b) Can you reassure the ExA that the SIP (either for this project or taken together with other SIPs) would be effective in its intended function?
		NE:
		c) Due to your reservations on the SIP, your response [REP3-146, point D18] suggests that an AEoI cannot be ruled out for the harbour seal and grey seal feature of the SNS SAC. If not the SIP process, what other forms of regulatory control are available to reassure you that AEoI would not occur?
		d) Are you content with the MMMP and the mitigation therein? If so, would this not be enough to reassure you that sufficient mitigation exists to avoid an AEoI? Explain with reasons.
		MMO:
		e) Do you have any further comments on the SIP that you wish to bring to the ExA's attention, taking into account all your own submissions and those of NE to date and all of the matters raised above in this question?
Q3.12.2.5	Applicant	Piling Controls
	Natural England Marine Management Organisation	The Applicant has confirmed that simultaneous piling (or other form of foundation installation) could occur within the project itself, and this has been taken into account in the worst-case scenarios assessed in the ES [REP3-101]. In respect of cumulative noise impacts to marine mammals, would there be a need to include a condition within the Deemed Marine Licences to prevent concurrent piling between the Proposed Development and other consented offshore windfarms? Explain with reasons.
Q3.12.2.6	Natural England	Monitoring
	Marine Management Organisation	NE [REP1-136] originally raised concern regarding the OPIMP, particular at points A8 and A19 [REP3-146]. Now that the Examination has moved on, do you agree that appropriate measures are secured, or could potentially be secured in the future, by way of the OPIMP [REP4-015]?

Q3.12.2.7	Applicant	Noise Monitoring Report
		The Applicant has offered to update the Underwater Noise Modelling Report [APP-192] in a response to the MMO [REP4-037]. Update this and submit to the Examination.

Q3.13. I	Habitats and Ecology Onsh	nore	
Q3.13.1 I	Q3.13.1 Effects on Protected and Priority Species		
Q3.13.1.1	Applicant Royal Society for the Protection of Birds	Weybourne Cliffs Set out whether it would be feasible to limit construction activities in the vicinity of Weybourne Cliffs SSSI to times outside of the sand martin breeding season, as suggested by RSPB [REP3-162, Q2.13.1.2]. a) If this would not be feasible, explain with reasons why this would be the case. b) If this would be feasible, set out how such controls over construction timings could be secured.	
Q3.13.1.2	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds Natural England	Weybourne Cliffs Does the Applicant's further evidence [REP4-028, Q1.13.1.2] demonstrate that there are no effects predicted on the living conditions for sand martins in this location as a result of vibration related HDD activity? If not, please expand with further reasoning.	
Q3.13.2 I	Effects on Ancient Woodla	nd, Trees and Hedgerows	
·	Natural England Interested Parties Effects on Rivers and Rive	Wensum Woods Does the Applicant's further evidence [REP3-101, Q1.13.2.1] and [REP4-028, Q1.13.2.1] demonstrate that it would provide sufficient protection to protected species, including Barbastelle bats, and that it would adopt best practice measures of mitigation that would future proof the Proposed Development in the event that Wensum Woods was notified as a SSSI? r-Based Wildlife	
		No further questions in this section at this time.	

Q3.14. Hal	oitats Regulation Ass	sessment	
Q3.14.1 Effe	Q3.14.1 Effect of the Proposed Development on its own and In-combination with Other Plans and Projects		
Q3.14.1.1	NatureScot	HRA Screening and Conclusions	
	Applicant	NatureScot is directed to the Applicant's information to inform HRA within the following application documents.	
		 Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment (Doc ref 5.4) [APP-059] Appendix 1 - Habitats Regulations Assessment Screening Report (Doc ref 5.4.1) [APP-060] 	
		 Appendix 2 - Habitats Regulations Assessment Screening Matrices (Doc ref 5.4.2) [REP4-009] 	
		• Appendix 3 - Habitats Regulations Assessment Integrity Matrices (Doc ref 5.4.3) [REP4-010].	
		The Applicant carried out an HRA screening assessment on 41 European sites in Scotland, and subsequently considered 19 of these at the adverse effects on integrity (AEoI) stage. The Applicant has concluded no AEoI on any European sites in Scotland.	
		a) Confirm if you agree with the conclusions of the Applicant for the European sites in Scotland.	
		b) Should NatureScot have any concerns or comments on the Applicant's assessment and conclusions, please expand on these.	
		a) Applicant, may wish to respond with regards to any consultation, feedback or endorsement from Nature Scot to verify the position for the Examination.	
Q3.14.1.2	NatureScot	Loch Ryan	
	Applicant	NatureScot is directed to the Applicant's information to inform the derogation case and compensatory measures for sandwich tern, which is set out in the following application documents.	
		Habitats Regulations Derogation – Provision Evidence [APP-063]	
		Appendix 1 – Compensatory Measures Overview [APP-064] Appendix 1 – Initial Poview of Compensatory Measures for Sandwich Torn and Kittiwake	
		 Annex 1A – Initial Review of Compensatory Measures for Sandwich Tern and Kittiwake [APP-065] 	
		Appendix 2 – Sandwich Tern Compensation Document [APP-069]	

		Annex 2A – Outline Sandwich Tern Compensation Implementation and Monitoring Plan [APP-070]
		 a) Can NatureScot confirm they have been consulted upon the sandwich tern derogation documents and are content in-principle with the proposals for sandwich tern compensatory measures at Loch Ryan. If there are concerns or comments, please expand.
		b) Applicant may wish to respond with regards to any consultation, feedback or endorsement from Nature Scot to verify the position for the Examination.
Q3.14.1.3	Applicant	Loch Ryan and the Local Authority
		Provide written evidence and correspondence that demonstrates Dumfries and Galloway Council have been consulted upon the sandwich tern derogation documents and are content in-principle with the proposals for sandwich tern compensatory measures at Loch Ryan.
Q3.14.1.4	National Trust	The Farne Islands Management Plan
	Natural England	NT submitted the draft Farne Islands Management Plan to the Examination, noting that it needs signoff from NE [AS-042]. NT expressed that the management plan may not become a Government document, as alleged by the Applicant, and look to NE to advise [REP3-140]. NT also consider the Applicant's proposals do not represent additionality and the SoCG with the NT [REP2-046] suggests that there need not be any further discussion on the Farne Islands compensation measures with the most recent SoCG [REP4-024] stating resources should be deployed elsewhere.
		a) When will the draft Farne Islands Management Plan document be endorsed by ME?b) When adopted, will this constitute a Government document?
		c) If yes to b) above, is the Applicant justified in relying on that document and what is said in the Energy Security Bill with respect to the arguments of providing compensation on the Farne Islands (the 'additionality' point) [REP3-111]?
		d) Given the lack of certainty about the status and efficacy/ additionality of the management plan, should the proposals at the Farne Islands be discounted from the Applicant's package of compensatory measures for sandwich terns? Explain with reasons.
		e) In light of the SoCG [REP2-046] is NT, as the owners and managers of the Farne Islands, stating that the Farne Islands are not available to the Applicant?

Q3.14.1.5	Applicant	Route to acquire Farne Islands
	National Trust	It has been previously mentioned that the Applicant would seek negotiated positions with landowners to implement compensatory measures, but there remains the ability under the Electricity Act 1989 to pursue compulsory acquisition if required [REP3-101, Q2.14.1.10]. The SoCG with the NT [REP2-046] states the NT does not wish to engage with the developers any further with regards to opportunities on the Farne Islands, although the Applicant maintains that the compensatory measures are viable and deliverable [REP3-101]. If the Applicant wished to proceed, in light of the apparent objection from the NT with regards to land the Trust holds inalienably, where would that leave the Proposed Development with regards to special parliamentary procedure (either through this Examination or through any subsequent pursuance of compulsory acquisition powers under the Electricity Act 1989)?
Q3.14.1.6	Applicant	The Farne Islands
Q3.1 11.1.0		a) In your response to the NT [REP4-032, ID10] it appears that different compensatory measures are being considered. Whilst this may come under the terms of 'adaptive management', how are these measures secure in the relevant suite of compensatory documents and within Schedule 17 of the dDCO?
		b) Are the proposals sufficiently developed, with enough research and evidence, to demonstrate these compensatory measures would be effective?
Q3.14.1.7	Applicant	Kittiwake Tower
	Natural England East Suffolk Council	The HPAI is purported [REP4-042] to have resulted in the death of 965 kittiwakes. It is recognised that HPAI is difficult to contain and prevent transmission. Nonetheless, the ExA are concerned regarding the HPAI and the efficacy of the proposed kittiwake tower as a compensatory measure.
		a) Would the clustering of nests together, as would be the case in the provision of a kittiwake tower, potentially increase the risk of infection compared to an open-air nesting environment?

		b) If the answer to a) is yes, are the predicted rates of breeding success likely to be
		overestimated, thus affecting the reliability of the measure delivering the necessary compensation?
		c) Is there any data regarding the artificial structures in Lowestoft to suggest whether or not the kittiwake accommodation there has been subject to higher, lower or similar levels of mortality?
		d) When the kittiwake tower designs get submitted at Deadline 5, set out how the design takes into account the health and well-being of the species.
Q3.14.1.8	Applicant	The potential for compensation through eradicating rats in the Channel Islands.
		NE highlight, in respect of auk compensatory measures, that "it is hard to see how predator management in the Channel Islands could offer compensation opportunities to SEP and DEP given the likely requirements of Hornsea 4 [REP3-146, point C30]." Does the Applicant have any comments to justify the scope, scale and appropriateness of this element of the compensatory measures for auk species?
Q3.14.1.9	Applicant	Channel Islands
		What evidence is there that the auk colonies associated with islands targeted for rat eradication have been reduced or lost as a result of predation by rats rather than other influences such as reduced prey availability?
Q3.14.1.10	Applicant	Red-throated Diver Estimates
		NE has suggested that SEP's impact on RTD is underestimated [REP3-143, point 22]. Provide a direct response either with updated data/ modelling results or through justification for the approach taken to date. The ExA notes that a 10% mortality rate would also be shown, for information purposes, in the apportioning technical note [REP4-031]. Provide explanatory notes.
Q3.14.1.11	Applicant	RTD Mitigation
		NE has suggested that an AEoI could be avoided if all turbines at SEP were located at least 10km from the SPA [REP3-143, point 24]. Explain, with the use of a diagram/ map as appropriate, whether this is practical, feasible, possible and reasonable.
Q3.14.1.12	Applicant	RTD Monitoring
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		 a) Whilst undertaking studies in respect of the bycatch reduction compensatory measures for auks, has the Applicant been presented with any evidence that such a measure may also be of a benefit to RTD (i.e. are red-throated divers also susceptible to bycatch)? b) Notwithstanding the Applicant's position that an AEoI can be ruled out upon RTD, should the species be incorporated within the OPIMP as one for monitoring in respect of offshore ornithology? Explain with reasons.
Q3.14.1.13	Natural England	RTD Effects
		Can you confirm whether your conclusions on AEoI for this species applies only to the Greater Wash SPA, or also to the Outer Thames Estuary Estuary SPA. Can an AEoI be ruled out on the latter designated site or not? Explain with reasons.
Q3.14.1.14	Applicant	Implementation or completion
	Natural England	The Sandwich Tern OCIMP [APP-070], section 3.6 relates to the implementation and delivery programme, to be forthcoming post-consent. Similarly, section 2.6 does the same in the Kittiwake OCIMP. Schedule 17, parts 6 and 15 both specify that the Applicant must implement the measures and, particularly for kittiwakes, this implementation must be done several breeding seasons in advance. a) Define what is meant be 'implement' or 'implementation' in these circumstances. b) Does 'implement' equate to completion? c) In respect of b) above, is there any risk that technical implementation (similar to technical commencement) could be instigated by the Applicant, but then the measures are not completed or in place prior to the operation of any turbine? d) What gives you confidence that the measures would be provided in time to ensure they are functioning before effects on sandwich terns occur?
Q3.14.1.15	Applicant	Gannet, Guillemot and Razorbill
	Natural England	The Examination so far has suggested that an AEoI upon the Gannet feature of the FFC SPA potentially could be ruled out, whilst there remains a dispute between the parties as to whether an AEoI can be ruled out for guillemot and razorbill. The Applicant provided a contextual note for HPAI [REP4-042] within which are summaries of the effects of HPAI upon relevant seabird populations. In each case it is assumed that a reduction in the population of a species would result in less collisions and displacement

		effects, which NE confirmed would be a logical position [REP3-147, Q2.14.1.2]. However NE also highlighted: "However, where a population has been significantly depleted, it should be considered whether an equivalent level of impact would have greater implications for the newly reduced population." Taking all the above into account, as well as all other information before the Examination: a) Applicant and NE - Can an AEoI be ruled out for Gannet? b) Applicant - If the answer to a) is yes, does the Applicant propose keeping Gannet named within the relevant (without prejudice) compensatory documents [APP-075] in case the Secretary of State concludes otherwise or should this be removed in the final version prior to close of the Examination? c) Applicant - If the answer to a) is no, would the Applicant consider making the compensatory measures for Gannet official in a separate document (i.e. removing the 'without prejudice' status and committing to undertaking such measures) and providing relevant text for Schedule 17 of the dDCO? The following responses are required, but may be deferred until Deadline 6 following
		review of the Applicant-promised 'Apportioning and HRA Updates Technical Note' at Deadline 5. d) NE - can an AEoI be ruled out for Guillemot? Explain with reasons.
		e) NE - can an AEoI be ruled out for Razorbill? Explain with reasons.
Q3.14.1.16	Applicant	Third Party Implementation
		Respond to NE's question in the Issues and Risks Log [REP3-146, point A14] regarding third party delivery of compensatory measures.
Q3.14.1.17	Applicant	Pink-Footed Geese
	Natural England	Provide an update on the ongoing dialogue between the Applicant and NE regarding pink-footed geese.

Q3.15. Historic Environment and Cultural Heritage		
Offshore Matters		
Q3.15.1 Ad	equacy of Baseline Su	rveys and Environmental Information
Q3.15.1.1	Historic England	Geotechnical Work
		Is the extent of geotechnical material that the Applicant has obtained and is obtaining pre consent and proposes to obtain post consent, if consent is granted, sufficiently clear at this stage?
Q3.15.1.2	Historic England	Statement of Common Ground
		Explain what factors are preventing the progress of a SoCG with the Applicant? In addition, set out how these factors will be resolved and provide a timeframe for the submission of a SoCG to the Examination.
Onshore Matters		
Q3.15.2 Adequacy of baseline surveys and information		
		No further questions in this section at this time.
Q3.15.3 Effects on Designated and Non-designated Heritage Assets		
		No further questions in this section at this time.

Q3.16. Land Use Q3.16.1 Effect on Agricultural Land and Businesses and Recreational Assets		
	National Farmers Union	The Applicant notes [REP3-101, Q2.16.1.1] [REP4-028] that discussions with the NFU and LIG is on-going in terms of the content of a Construction Practice Addendum and that a revised draft of this was provided to the NFU on 15 May 2023.
		a) Provide an update on such discussions.
		b) NFU, does the additional information in relation to role of the ALO, soil heating and soil management, provided by the Applicant in the revised drafts of the OCoCP [Rev C, REP3-064] [Rev D, REP4-016] address your concerns in relation to those matters?
		c) The Applicant's reply also noted that information on soil handling, land/field drainage and irrigation and water supply will not form part of the OCoCP, but the detail of this will be provided in the final CoCP. Fully justify why this information or an outline of what the final CoCP will include cannot be provided now in the OCoCP.
Q3.16.1.2	Applicant	Effect on Individual Businesses
		The Applicant [REP1-036, Q1.16.1.8] sets out that it is not possible to meaningfully estimate the amount of land in each holding or therefore the amount of land affected. However, the NFU [REP3-136, Q2.16.1.4] noted that the Applicant should have an understanding of such matters from the discussions taking place with each landowner. Please provide further justification for your position.
Q3.16.2 Soils and Soil handling, Ground Conditions, Contamination and Minerals		
		No further questions in this section as this stage.

Q3.17. I	Landscape and Visual Effects		
Q3.17.1 I	Q3.17.1 Effect on Landscape Character and Views		
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	
_	Effects on designated and hi	storic landscapes, including Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty and Ancient	
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	
Q3.17.3 I	Effectiveness of mitigation p	roposals	
Q3.17.3.1	Applicant	Removal of Existing Trees and Hedgerows, Replanting and Management The ExA notes and welcomes the Applicant's position in terms of BNG [REP4-028,	
		Q17.3.1]. However, the ExA is not convinced with the reasoning offered to explain why the Applicant is unable to commit to a principle of replacing lost trees and hedgerows at a ratio which would be satisfactory to LAs.	
		a) Set out what you believe to be an acceptable in-principle ratio of tree and hedgerow replacement that would adequately mitigate for the loss of existing planting in terms of carbon sequestration and ecological value.	
		b) Given the premise in a) above, set out the areas where flexibility might be required for tree and hedgerow replacement ratios and propose how such flexibility could be factored in.	
		c) If an in-principle commitment to tree and hedgerow replacement ratios cannot be established at this stage, provide detailed reasoning explaining why.	
		d) In any event, set out how a tree and hedgerow replacement ratio as set out in a) above could be secured in the dDCO	
Q3.17.3.2	Local Authorities	Removal of Existing Trees and Hedgerows, Replanting and Management	
	Natural England	Would it be acceptable for tree and hedgerow replacement, designed to mitigate for the loss of existing planting, to be carried out off site at a location outside of the Order limits?	

Q3.18. Seas	eascape and Visual Effects		
Q3.18.1 Effects on Designated and Historic Landscapes			
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	
Q3.18.2 Cumulative Effects			
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	

Q3.19. Na	Q3.19. Navigation and Shipping		
Q3.19.1 Na	vigational Risk and Effect	on Navigational Safety	
Q3.19.1.1	Marine and Coastguard Agency	Safety Zones The MCA has raised the issue of the temporary potential effect of safety zones of sea room for traffic [REP3-134]. How could safety zones on a temporary basis effect navigational safety, particularly west of DEP-North?	
Q3.19.1.2	Marine and Coastguard	Navigational Risk	
	Agency	The Applicant, in the Navigational Safety Technical Note [REP3-031] has provided additional modelling of the northwest extent of DEP-North on collision risk for traffic within the Outer Dowsing Channel. This modelling showed a collision risk post windfarm development of 1 in 8.7 years.	
		a) If you disagree with the Applicant's calculations, provide MCA calculations to show what the current collision rate would be compared to if DEP-North was built out as proposed?	
		b) Provide your version of the Applicant's Figure 7.2 of the submitted Navigational Safety Technical Note [REP3-031], showing anticipated remaining sea room for ships, including safety buffers necessary.	
		c) the Navigational Risk Assessment [APP-198] assumed potential increases of 10 and 20% within the commercial traffic allision and collision modelling. Provide calculations for scenarios with and without DEP-North for this Outer Dowsing Channel incorporating a 10% and 20% increase in shipping traffic	
		d) With respect to NPS EN-3, Paragraph 2.6.165, please confirm whether you would consider any increased risk of vessel collision as an unacceptable risk, based on both the Applicants and the MCA figures.	
Q3.19.1.3	Applicant	Future increases of traffic	
		The Navigational Safety Technical Note [REP3-031] states that the post windfarm collision risk being 1 in 87 years. Provide collision risk figures for this route with the addition of 10% and 20% increases of shipping traffic.	
Q3.19.1.4	Marine and Coastguard Agency	Mitigation against risk	

Q3.19.1.8	Marine and Coastguard Agency	Sea room between SEP and DEP
Q3.19.1.7	Applicant	Comparison Figures Based on the Navigational Safety Technical Note [REP3-031, Figure 7.2], it appears that the 'current extent of traffic' would need to shift towards the west to avoid the DEP windfarm site, as is depicted by the purple arrows (the NRA Scenario). The MCA response to this is that if the DEP-N boundary is not reduced mariners will not transit further west, to provide more safe sea room due to the Triton Knoll shallow water and waypoint. On this matter, provide further version(s) of Figure 7.2 to illustrate how the modelling presumes the current extent of traffic to shift, including showing the width of sea route available with all safety buffers from Triton Knoll Bank, Triton Knoll Windfarm, DEP-N and any other obstacles of relevance, and to also include the future extent of traffic?
Q3.19.1.6	Marine and Coastguard Agency UK Chamber of Shipping	Disruption or Economic Loss Would the Proposed Development location avoid or minimise disruption or adverse transit time changes, including economic loss to the shipping and navigation industries, with particular regard to approaches to ports and to strategic routes essential to regional, national and international trade, lifeline Ferries, or recreational users of the sea?
Q3.19.1.5	UK Chamber of Shipping Trinity House	Assessment of Navigational Risk and Safety With regards to the concerns raised relating to navigational safety from the MCA [REP1-117] [REP1-118] [REP3-134] [REP4-047], together with the Applicant's submissions (including the NRA [APP-198] and the Navigational Safety Technical Note [REP3-031]) comment on whether you would consider the remaining sea room past the proposed windfarms, particularly west of the DEP north boundary, as representing an unacceptable risk to navigational safety or have an acceptable and safe width of sea room? Explain with reasons and with reference to these submissions from MCA and the Applicant.
		If the route past DEP-North would pose an unacceptable risk post windfarm development then is there other mitigation or measures available to address this, other than the omission of turbines close to this route to keep the sea room as existing? For example, could this route be avoided or recommended against for vessels traversing this area, using an alternative route instead?

		No further questions in this section at this time.
Q3.19.2 Imp	pact on Radar, Search and	d Rescue
	Marine and Coastguard Agency	ExA requires a joint position statement from both parties to set out what is a mutually agreeable position to alleviate any navigational risk to ALARP.
Q3.19.1.12	Applicant	Joint Position Statement
Q3.19.1.11	Applicant Marine and Coastguard Agency	Implications of MCA position In line with NPS EN-3, particularly Paragraph 2.6.165, what is the implication of the MCA current position for the recommendation that can be made to the SoS?
	Agency	If the MCA considers that the only solution to address the concern about navigational safety to the west of the proposed DEP-N windfarm site is to have a turbine/obstacle free area, can this be clearly shown on a map/chart of the area within the DEP-N boundary that this would need to relate to.
Q3.19.1.10	Marine and Coastguard	Details of Obstacle/Turbine Free Areas
Q3.19.1.9	Marine and Coastguard Agency	Safety Zone Widths Does the Navigational Safety Technical Note [REP3-031, Figure 6.2] demonstrate that vessels are content with passing approximately 1 nautical mile from windfarms?
Q3.19.1.9	Marino and Coastquard	
		Please confirm that it is only the loss of sea room to the west of the northern section of the DEP array that the MCA is concerned with, with no objections to the width of sea room that would remain between SEP and DEP?

Q3.20. Nois	Q3.20. Noise and Vibration		
Q3.20.1 Aded	Q3.20.1 Adequacy of the Assessments for Construction		
Q3.20.1.1	Applicant	Main Construction Compound	
	Broadland District Council South Norfolk District Council	BDC and SNDC have set out [REP3-127, Q2.20.1.1] [REP3-121, Q2.20.1.1] that their concerns in relation to the impacts of the main construction compound can be addressed through Section 61 agreements. The Applicant has provided a revised OCoCP [REP4-016] that includes this for the main and secondary compounds. Explain to the ExA why this is preferred, rather than securing appropriate mitigation as part of the DCO?	
Q3.20.2 Cons	struction Effects on Sen	sitive Receptors	
Q3.20.2.1	Applicant	HDD Works at Night and Emergency Works	
		The Applicant sets out a list of mitigation to be used to try and avoid night time working [REP3-101, Q2.20.2.3].	
		a) Provide a revised OCoCP to include this mitigation.	
		The Applicant has noted that drilling would be at a rate of 80m per day and the longest proposed drill is approximately 600m.	
		b) Set out how this would be completed with daytime only works and do the drilling works have to be continuous once started or can they be paused overnight? Include suitable revisions in the OCoCP.	
		See related question in ExA's proposed changes to the dDCO.	
Q3.20.2.2	Applicant	Main Compound	
		The ES states [APP-109, Paragraph 151] that the main compound is likely to be used for the full duration of the onshore construction works and is expected to be in use, to some extent, if there are any nighttime works taking place anywhere along the route. Is the Applicant's assertion [REP3-101, Q2.20.4.2] that no essential activities for which out of hours (e.g. night-time) working may be required are likely to occur at the main construction compound justified?	

Q3.20.3 Cumulative Effects Assessment		
		No further questions in this section as this stage.
Q3.20.4 Ad	equacy and Design	of Proposed Mitigation
Q3.20.4.1	Applicant	Adequacy of Proposed Noise Mitigation
		The Applicant's [REP3-101, Q2.20.4.2] [REP3-103, Appendix B.6] sets out potential mitigation for a number of sensitive receptors (CCR2, CCR2C, CCR8, CCR25, CCR26, CCR26A and CCR31).
		a) Provide an updated OCoCP or a draft of the CNMP that includes such mitigation.
		The calculations of noise effects on CCR2, CCR2C, CCR8, CCR25, CCR26, CCR26A and CCR31 (REP3-103, Appendix B.6] incorporate an assumption that the cable will be in the centre of the cable corridor.
		b) For each of these receptors calculate how close the cable could be to the receptor without resulting in significant effects.

Q3.21. Oil	l, Gas and Other off	shore infrastructure and activities
Q3.21.1 He	elicopter Access	
Q3.21.1.1	Perenco	Impact of existing turbines
		The Applicant's Waveney Helicopter Access Supplementary Analysis [REP4-039, Paragraph 31] states that the current Dudgeon wind farm is within 3nm of Waveney, with the closest turbine 2.7nm away. Do you agree that this means that the proposal of DEP would have no difference on night flights as the CAA restrictions would already be imposed?
Q3.21.1.2	Perenco	CAA dispensation
		The Applicant has suggested that there may be CAA dispensation to allow for night flights from certain directions, such as with decommissioning of the platform. Provide comment on this?
Q3.21.1.3	Perenco	IMC Access
	Applicant	For clarity, would there be any possible day IMC access to Waveney platform if DEP was constructed with the 1nm buffer?
Q3.21.1.4	Perenco	One Engine Inoperative Take Off Condition
	Applicant	The Applicant states that their temperature and pressure assumptions are sufficiently conservative, whilst Perenco's are excessively conservative. Notwithstanding this difference, if the final wind turbine layout is similar to the indicative drawings provided, the One Engine Inoperative take-off distance required will not reduce helicopter access [REP4-039, Paragraph 15]. a) Perenco, confirm whether you agree with Applicant that with the indicative layout
		there would be no required reduction in helicopter access?
		b) Perenco and Applicant, if based on the indicative drawings the One Engine Inoperative take-off distance required would not reduce helicopter access, what would be the consequence if there was a final change to the layout from these indicative drawings in the area of the Waveney Platform?
Q3.21.1.5	Perenco	Night flights from Norwich Airport
		How would Norwich Airport opening times effect future night flights to a supporting rig at Waveney?

Q3.21.1.6	Perenco	Comparative tables of information regarding helicopter access
	Applicant	To ensure a full understanding of the differences and agreements between the parties, please each provide a set of tables setting out Day VMC, IMC and No Fly Conditions, based on the agreed datasets for the last few years. This should be done with one set of tables applying the CAA Draft Limits, with and without DEP, and another based on current CAA limits and restrictions, with and without DEP. When setting out the figures based on DEP being in place, please use the 1nm buffer as proposed by the Applicant.
Q3.21.1.7	Applicant	Access to Waveney
		Perenco states that if there is a turbine within 1.34nm of Waveney platform then access would only be from the east or west and concludes that access flight times available to Waveney NUI as a proportion of the current status would be low [REP4-050, Figure 3]. Respond to this and explain whether this could be overcome with the final wind turbine layout?
Q3.21.1.8	Applicant	Robustness of Assessment
		Perenco has claimed that a simple count of all daylight times when visual flight rules apply does not represent the proportion of helicopter operations that will be unaffected. Has the Applicant undertaken a robust enough assessment taking into account all relevant factors as reasonably possible, such as those set out in Perenco's submission [REP4-050]?
Q3.21.1.9	Applicant	Joint Statement
	Perenco	Provide a joint statement from both parties to set out what is a mutually agreeable position for helicopter access to Waveney, and how that can be secured in the dDCO.
Q3.21.1.10	Independent Oil and Gas Limited	Blythe and Elgood
		Is Independent Oil and Gas content that the Proposed Development at DEP would not significantly impinge on operations at its assets in this area, such as through restricting helicopter or sea vessel access?
Q3.21.2 Effe	ectiveness of Proposed Mi	tigation
i.		No further questions in this section as this stage.

Q3.22. Soci	o-economics effects		
Q3.22.1 Effe	cts on recreation, touris	m and business	
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	
Q3.22.2 Effe	cts on jobs and skills		
Q3.22.2.1	Applicant Norfolk County Council	Outline Skills and Employment Plan The draft SOCG provided between the Applicant and NCC [REP4-021] sets out that discussions on the OSEP are still being undertaking with regard to key NCC recommendations, including outcomes from the new LSIP process dialogue (Norfolk Chambers). Provide an update on such discussions and NCC confirm whether you are now content with the OSEP following its revision [REP3-072].	
Q3.22.3 Effe	cts on Individuals and C	ommunities	
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	
Q3.22.4 Inte	Q3.22.4 Inter-related Effects on Human Health and Community Well-being		
		No further questions in this section as this stage.	

Q3.23. Traf	ffic and Transport	
Q3.23.1 Effe	cts from Construction	Vehicles on the Highway Network and Living Conditions
Q3.23.1.1	Applicant National Highways	Driver Delay, Capacity and Assessment Methodology The draft SOCG [REP3-080] sets out that the Applicant is providing further information to NH in relation to driver delay, capacity and assessment methodology. Set out what the further information is and what remains the concern of NH.
Q3.23.2 Traf	ffic Management Propo	osals and Impacts on the Highway Network
Q3.23.2.1		No further questions in this section as this stage.
Q3.23.3 Cun	nulative Traffic Effects	with Other Local Projects
Q3.23.3.1		No further questions in this section as this stage.
Q3.23.4 Effe	cts on Recreational Ro	outes, such as Public Rights of Way
Q3.23.4.1		No further questions in this section as this stage.
Q3.23.5 Suit	ability of Access Strate	еду
Q3.23.5.1	Applicant National Highways	Abnormal Indivisible Loads a) NH has set out [REP3-138, Q2.23.5.1] that it's consultants will be issuing their report soon for the Scarning Bridge assessment. Provide an update on the progress of the report. NH note [REP3-138, Q2.23.5.1] that it has been agreed between the parties that abnormal load movements can be dealt with post consent through the development of the CTMP and established Electronic Service Delivery for Abnormal Loads processes. Further, NH is of the view that engagement will also be required with the A47 scheme major project teams and other major offshore wind farm developers to proactively understand risks to and programme abnormal load movements around the A47 works and other abnormal load movement needs, not solely rely on the processes.

		b) What changes are needed to the OCTMP to capture such matters?
Q3.23.5.2	Applicant Norfolk County Council	Accesses ACC25 and ACC25b The most recent draft SOCG [REP4-021] with NCC notes that matters associated with access ACC25 and ACC25b and mitigation measures are still in discussion. Provide an update on these discussions.
Q3.23.5.3	Applicant National Grid	A47 Tuddenham Scheme The Applicant acknowledges [REP4-028] that there is a misalignment between the Order limits and the realigned Taverham Road as mapped in plans secured by the A47 Tuddenham Scheme DCO. The Applicant considers it appropriate to progress any application that may be necessary to realign the access outside of the examination and following the conclusion of the judicial review of the A47 Tuddenham Scheme. Further, the Applicant has set out that any application could also consider the wider realignment of the access road to avoid the associated landscaping scheme. The Applicant has also set out that the options to secure consent to alter the access will be consulted on with relevant stakeholders including the local planning authorities and that this could involve an application to amend the SEP and DEP DCO (in the event it is made) post consent or pursuant to planning permission under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. a) Applicant, set out what implications the misalignment has for the Examination, including any CA issues and the delivery of the proposed development. b) What would be required post Examination for the SoS to consider in decision-making? NH has also referred [REP3-138] to the Applicant needing engage with Orsted and the affected landowner(s) to maximise use of the same construction haul route to minimise environmental and land use impacts and that NG would also require protective provisions to reflect the need to maintain and protect Orsted's existing right to legal access along this corridor through the approved A47 DCO. The Applicant has confirmed [REP4-028] it is engaging with Orsted. c) Provide an update. d) Has the Applicant engaged with NG on such matters?
Q3.23.5.4	National Highways	Access to the North of the A47

		NH has recommended [REP3-138] the Applicant considers the implications to their construction programme of a 2-year period of no access to the north of the A47 or if access from Church Lane in the east is required to mitigate the risk. The Applicant is of the view [REP4-028] that this can be suitably managed by the OCTMP. Is this accepted by NH?
Q3.23.5.5	Applicant	Honingham Lane Temporary Traffic Regulation Order
	National Highways	NH has raised concerns [REP3-138] about the effect of the Honingham Lane Temporary Traffic Regulation Order that forms part of the A47 Tuddenham Scheme on the proposed development. The Applicant asserts [REP4-028] that in the event that link 149 is closed an alternative route via link 148 from the west would be available and the associated impacts of the use of this route have been assessed.
		a) Has the ES considered and assessed such a circumstance in terms of vehicles numbers that the alternative would receive?
		b) Does this overcome NH's concern and is the Applicant's view supported by NCC?
Q3.23.6 Eff	fectiveness of Proposed	Mitigation Measures
Q3.23.6.1	Applicant	Mitigation – A47 Tuddenham Scheme
	National Highways	NH have set out [REP3-138] that the Applicant has acknowledged the need to enter into a Legal/ Co-operation agreement similar to that between NH and Orsted for the Hornsea Project Three DCO wind farm cable crossing of the A47 Tuddenham Scheme. Explain why this is necessary outside of the DCO and its protective provisions.
Q3.23.6.2	Applicant	Collaborative Meetings and Monitoring Group
		NH are of the view [REP3-138] that the Applicant should facilitate collaborative meetings with itself, NCC and other major wind farm developers when developing the CTMP and construction programme post DCO consent to accommodate existing commitments and maximise opportunities to align activities and programmes to minimise road network and local community disruption.
		a) Should such a commitment be secured in the OCTMP?
		In addition, the draft SOCG [REP3-080] notes that NH has requested further amendments to the OCTMP. The requested amendments would include a monitoring group that is set up

		and chaired by the Applicant to consider whether the CTMP is being carried out and working.b) Applicant, confirm whether you consider this is necessary and if so, provide a revised OCTMP.
Q3.23.6.3	Norfolk County Council	ОСТМР
		The Applicant has provided a revised OCTMP [REP3-062]. This includes: an amended access design for the main construction compound at Attlebridge; text in relation to the ability to review routes if they become unavailable for use; restrictions of LVs through Oulton village; and the addition of a crossing schedule. Does this overcome NCC's remaining concerns?
Q3.23.6.4	Applicant	OCTMP Annex A
		In the most recent version of the OCTMP [REP3-062] changes have been made to some of the figures in Annex A, Table A1.1: Peak Vehicle Trips Per Link.
		a) Applicant, explain why this has been done.
		b) Does NCC have any concerns with regard to the amended figures?

Q3.24.1 Effects on Flood Risk and Drainage, including Adequacy of Sequential and Exception Tests					
Q3.24.1.1	Lead Local Flood Authority	Flood Risk Assessment The revised FRA addendum [REP3-097] sets out that a number of clarifications have been			
		requested by the LLFA, in a letter dated 20 March 2023. Provide a copy of that letter.			
Q3.24.1.2	Applicant	Onshore Drainage			
		The Applicant has provided revised versions of the:			
		Onshore Substation Drainage Study [REP3-036]			
		Onshore Substation Hydraulic Modelling Report [REP3-099]			
		Outline Operational Drainage Strategy [REP3-070]			
		Addendum to the Flood Risk Assessment [REP3-097]			
		The LLFA set out [REP4-046] that all but one of its concerns had been addressed by this further work. How does the Applicant propose to address the remaining concern about sensitivity testing of infiltration losses and what are the consequences if agreement canno be reached?			
Q3.24.1.3	Lead Local Flood Authority	Onshore Substation Drainage Study			
		The revised Onshore Substation Drainage Study [REP3-036] considers that the four sustainability pillars of SuDS and concludes that there are significant constraints to the delivery of the Amenity and Biodiversity pillars due to security. Is this accepted by the LLFA?			
Q3.24.1.4	Applicant	Revised Documents			
		A revised Geomorphological Baseline Survey Technical Report [REP3-038] and Water Framework Directive Compliance Assessment [REP3-034] have been provided by the Applicant. However, it is not clear from the tracked change versions [REP3-035] [REP3-039] what alterations have been made. Please Confirm.			

Q3.24.2.1		No further questions in this section as this stage.				
Q3.24.3 Effec	Q3.24.3 Effects on Rivers, Streams, Canals and Ditches from Proposed Construction Methods and Crossing					
Q3.24.3.1	Applicant	Ordinary Watercourses The LLFA has requested [REP3-124, Q2.24.3.3] that before the Applicant seeks to secure LLFA approval for the crossing of ordinary watercourses and the watercourse crossing method statement, the applicant should undertake a walkover of the whole cable route. In reply the Applicant set out [REP4-028] that this will be undertaken during detailed design stage in support of the Watercourse Crossing Scheme, required within the OCoCP. Applicant, should the OCoCP at Table 1-1 make clear that this will include a walkover of the whole cable route?				
Q3.24.4 Effectiveness of Mitigation Measures						
Q3.24.4.1	Applicant Environment Agency Lead Local Flood Authority Internal Drainage Board	Protective Provisions Provide an update on discussions to finalise the protective provisions still under discussion [RE3-101, Q2.24.4.2].				